Happy 'Eid Al Adha

The Jordan Times will not be published Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday (July 25, 26 and 27) due to the Eld Al Adha holidays. The next issue of the newspaper will appear Thursday, July 28. The Jordan Times wishes its readers, advertisers and patrons a very happy 'Eid Al Adha.

Volume 13 Number 3839

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AROUND THE WORLD...

New U.S.-Greek talks open tomorrow

ATHENS (R) - A new round of talks between Washington and Athens on the future of U.S. military bases in Greece opens next week, the Greek government said Saturday. The week-long talks starting Monday in Athens will be the eighth round of negotiations on a new defence and economic cooperation agreement between the United States and Greece, which includes the terms for the U.S.

U.S. navy chief visits Gulf

BAHRAIN (AP) - U.S. Navy Secretary William Ball visited three American warships and met with top local defence officials during a two-day visit to the Gulf, navy officials said Saturday. The trip, Ball's first to this area as the navy's top civilian official, was not announced by the Pentagon in advance, and was surrounded by special security precautions that included a bullet-proof car. U.S. officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Ball's visit to the Gulf had been planned for some time, and was unrelated either to plans for reducing U.S. forces in the Gulf, or the ongoing investigation into the shooting down of an Iranian jetliner by a navy warship.

Moscow prepares for plenum on reform

MOSCOW (R) — The ruling Soviet politburo has discussed suggestions for sweeping political reform in preparation for a plenum of the party central committee, Pravda said Saturday. Well-informed Soviet sources expect the plenum to convene in Moscow July 29 with the task of translating into concrete measures a programme for deep political reform put forward by a party conference three weeks ago. Pravda said the politburo meeting Thursday discussed the conference proposals and reviewed a series of documents to be discussed at the

3 killed in N. Ireland bombing

BELFAST (AP) - A bomb killed a man, his wife and their seven-year-old son Saturday morning as they drove along the main road between Dublin and Belfast, police said. The family had been heading home after a vacation in the United States when the explosion blew their jeep off the road at a point about one kilometre from the Irish border, police said. The blast, which left a crater in the road, occurred at about 10 a.m. (0900 GMT), close to a gas station near Newry, 50 kilometres southwest of Belfast, police said. There was no immediate claim of responsibility for the bombing.

Dhaka, Islamabad trying to mend past

DHAKA (R) - Bangladesh and Pakistan say they are forging closer economic and political ties after burying past bitterness. Pakistani Minister for Commerce, Finance, Planning and Development Mahbubul Haq said Saturday that Islamabad would expand its trade, propose joint industrial ventures and extend credits to Dhaka to boost their relations. To promote their goodwill, the two countries have decided to sidestep the thorny question of sharing assets held by them until 1971 in the former undivided Pakistan. Haq announced Friday that Pakistan would give Bangladesh \$50 million in soft credit,

Bourguiba aide jailed for 5 years

TUNIS (R) — A close aide of former Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba was convicted of embezzling state funds and jailed for five years Friday night. Mansour Skhiri, ex-governor of Bourguiba's home town of Monastir, was accused of diverting 30,000 dinars (\$26,000) in state funds to personal use. He was also charged with awarding official contracts to an enterprise owned by his brother. He denied all the charges.

Four dead in Natal violence

PRETORIA (AP) - Police investigating two murders shot and killed two black men when the police fired on a crowd that had shot at them, according to an official report Saturday. Fourteen men were arrested at Neamalala after the shooting ended, the daily police unrest report said. Police went there to investigate two stabbing deaths in Zululand, they said. In other incidents, police said a man shot a member of the security force in Natal, near Pinetown. They also found the body of a black man stabbed to death at Mbimbali.

Police kill 2 Sikh militants

NEW DELHI (R) - Police Saturday killed two Sikh separatists wanted for the murder of a prominent Hindu leader, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported. It quoted police as saying Devinder Singh and Bagga Singh were killed in a gun battle near Jullundur, a major city in Punjab, where militants are fighting for an independent homeland. PTI said the two militants were wanted for the murder on June 19 of Rama Kant Jalota, north Indian head of the fundamental-

Sihanouk arrives in Jakarta

JAKARTA (AP) - Former Kampuchean leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk arrived in Jakarta Saturday for a six-day visit as guest of President Suharto. The prince, accompanied by his wife Monique and five Kampuchean officials, was whisked away by Indonesian officials to avoid questions from reporters. Sihanouk, who will stay at the presidential guest house in the palace complex, later paid a courtesy call on Subarto at the Merdeka Palace, officials said. The prince is not scheduled to attend informal "cocktail party" talks between the four warring Kampuchean factions scheduled to start Monday at the presidential palace in Bogor, a mountain retreat 60 kilometres south of Jakarta.

Mandela not hopeful about release

CAPE TOWN (R) — Jailed black nationalist leader Nelson Mandela does not believe his chances of release have improved, despite recent international appeals for his freedom, his wife said Saturday. Winnie Mandela, visiting her husband in Cape Town's Pollsmoor prison for the first time since his 70th birthday Monday, said Mandela was in very good spirits and "bubbling with hope" for South Africa. Asked if Mandela believed that pleas from all over the world on the occasion of his birthday had improved the prospects of his release, she told reporters: "Not at all. He did not even mention the subject. It is not a top priority in his political calendar."

Japanese sub, boat collide

TOKYO (AP) — Twenty-nine sport fishermen and crewmen aboard a fishing boat were missing after it collided Saturday with a Japanese navy submarine near Tokyo, police said. Police officials said 19 people had been rescued from the boat, including a 38-year-old man who was hospitalised in serious condition. The fishing boat sank less than two minutes after the collision, they said. Police said the submarine, the 2,200-ton Nadashio, hit the fishing boat, Saturday afternoon about three kilometres off the port of Yokosuka near the mouth of Tokyo Bay. Yokosuka police said 48 people, including a group of 39 sport fishermen from C. Itoh and Co., a trading company, and its subsidiaries, were on board the boat.

'Eid begins today; King receives greetings

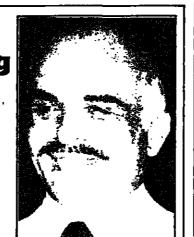
AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan Sunday celebrates Eid Al Adha (Feast of Sacrifice), marking the end of the annual pilgrimage to Mecca and

Medina.

His Majesty King Hussein received cables of good wishes on the occasion from senior government officials, heads of public and private organisations and notables in the Kingdom.

The cables wished the King continued health and happiness and praised his efforts to serve Arab and Islamic causes.

The cables came from Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi and Lower House Speaker Akef Al Fayez, Armed Forces Commander-in-



HM King Hussein

Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh, Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Mohammad Mheilan and the directors of public security, civil defence and general intelligence departments.

Government departments and public institutions began a five-day holiday for the feast from Saturday until Wednesday.

Iran, Iraq locked in fierce battle

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - Fighting raged along the Gulf warfront Saturday as Iraq tried to capture large numbers of prisoners while Iran reported Iraqi thrusts deep into its territory and called on all able-bodied fighters to rush to the front.

Iran's Islamic Republic News the agency reported. Agency (IRNA) said Iraqi troops pushed across border to within 25 kilometres of the southern oil city of Ahvaz, capital of Khuzestan province.

But Iranian forces blocked a further Iraqi advance and heavy fighting was in progress as night fell, it quoted a military com-

munique as saying. The heaviest battles were around the towns of Hamid. Jofair and Khushk west of Ahvaz,

Gharb, 32 kilometres inside Iran and about 175 kilometres northeast of Baghdad, fell to advancing Iraqi troops who allegedly used chemical weapons.

It said the town of Gilan-e

The Iraqis also captured Sar-e Pol Zahab garrison, the agency said. Iraq did not respond to the accusation that it used the outlawed weapons.

The towns are in a disputed border area claimed by Iraq under the terms of a 1975 agreement with Iran.

Insisting that Baghdad had no territorial ambitions on Iran, Ira-qi Information Minister Latif Nassif Al Jassem said military operations made it necessary for

accompanied by no ambitions or ing out details of a ceasefire after premeditated intentions against a week of continued battles since the Iranian people or their Tehran said it accepted the yearlands." he told the Iraqi News old Security Council resolution Agency (INA).

Jassem said the Iraqi army intended to recapture all Iraqi territory and take as many Iranian prisoners as possible. This would help to establish conditions for negotiating a durable peace, he

The foreign ministers of Iran and Iraq, which have been at war for almost eight years, have agreed to go to the United Na-tions for ceasefire negotiations such talks if Perez de Cuellar held through Secretary General requests it. Javier Perez de Cuellar

U.N. truce experts are also due

Iragi leader briefs King

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received a telephone

call Saturday afternoon from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein

wishing him congratulations on 'Eid Al Adha and assuring him of the situation at the battlefront. The president briefed the King on

Iraqi operations to liberate occupied Iraqi territories. The King

"It is only temporary and in Tehran Sunday to start workordering the fighting to stop.

> Jassem said the Iragi offensive would "facilitate the path for complete and comprehensive peace away from the schemes of Iran's rulers," who, he said, re-fused to negotiate directly with

> Irao wants direct negotiations with Iran, and the Iranians indi-

> > (Continued on page 3)

1.5 million faithful perform Haj in calm, orderly atmosphere

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — The annual Muslim pilgrimage reached its climax in an orderly and calm atmosphere Saturday when up to 1.5 million faithful braved scorching heat to pray at Mount Arafat near Mecca.

They heard a leading Saudi theological appeal for a return to traditional Islamic values and for unity among the world's 700 million Muslims as a means to restore Islam's glory.

The ceremonies, including the appeal by Sheikh

Abdul Aziz Al Sheikh, was televised live to Arab and Muslim countries from the site where the Prophet Mohammad gave his last sermon 14 "Fear God and return to your Islam," Sheikh

Abdul Aziz told the teeming mass of pilgrims, most of whom listened to his voice from loudspeakers as He told the pilgrims from more than 100 countries that Muslims had distanced themselves from

religion and this was the root of their problems. Muslims Sunday will slaughter millions of sheep, goats and cows to mark the beginning of 'Eid Al Adha, marking the end of the pilgrimage.

This year's rites have been marked by an absence of the political problems that have marred the Haj for several years since Iran's Islamic revolution in 1979, culminating in last year's riots in which more than 400 people died (See page 5).

rituals from Moont Arafat, to which the hundreds of thousands ascended from Mecca 15 kilometres away with an overnight stop in Mina, showed relaxed pilgrims praying, chanting and listening to

Pilgrims, who were provided with water to counter the effects of the 42-degree Celsius (108 degrees F) heat, prayed until sundown on the slopes of Mount Arafat Saturday.

Sunstroke and dehydration are among the main causes of deaths during the Haj, especially among the elderly who sometimes also fast all day to atone

From Arafat, the pilgrims head after sunset for pearby Muzdalifa to collect stones to throw at three monuments representing devil.

per cent of them women, came from outside the kingdom to perform the Haj this year, compared with 926,350 last year. Riyadh introduced a new quota system of one

pilgrim per 1,000 Muslims in each country to relieve congestion while work is underway to expand the capacity of the holy sites.

Last year's Haj was performed by close to two million people, including one million from inside the kingdom. The total number of pilgrims this year has yet to be published.

August target.

wished the president and the Iraqi people success in their enthe army to enter Iranian terrideavours to achieve peace. **Arabs clash with Israeli**

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM abandoned their stalls, and pro-(Agencies) - Israeli troops bat- testers began throwing fruit at tled Palestinian protesters throw-policemen. ing stones and bottles for the fourth day this week in Jerusalem injured by tear-gas canisters. Saturday.

strations on the eve of Muslim Faoud Rabadi's shooting in and Jewish religious holidays, closed the Old City to residents of the occupied West Bank or Gaza Strip and turned back Arabs at some entrances to the city.

But some 50 Palestinians, protesting over the army killing of a 17-year-old boy from Jerusalem earlier this week, marched from St. Saviour Church in the Christian quarter to the boy's home near Damascus Gate, chanting

nationalist slogans. Startled tourists and shoppers threw stones and bottles at border police patrols, who shot teargas and rubber bullets. Vendors roofs of buildings near the Via

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Moscow has a verification plan on

spectors access to bomber bases,

strategic naval ports and ships,

control specialists, said the plan

calls for periodic inspection of

military bases where long-range

aircraft are equipped with cruise

missiles and short notice inspec-

tions of unrelated sites where

cruise missiles are believed to be

The newspaper said the U.S.

administration has blocked the

plan so far because of navy and

air force resistance to the prop-

Administration officials said

Friday that eight Soviet inspectors

who had been proposed to verify

the contents of the treaty on

intermediate-range nuclear forces

(INF) had been rejected because

they were believed to have been

The Post said the two arms

control specialists it interviewed

believed their government

viewed U.S. cruise missiles as a

special threat because the Soviet

Union had failed to develop a

means of shooting them down or

detecting their launch from U.S.

planes and ships.

It said the Soviet leadership

osed Soviet inspections.

Soviet agents.

Saturday.

being stored.

stored.

Two protesters were slightly

Palestinians have been protest-Police, preparing for demon- ing in Arab Jerusalem over Dakhiat Al Zeit, near Jerusalem.

troops despite clampdown

He was the first Jerusalem resideat to die in the seven-monthold uprising that has claimed at least 242 Palestinian lives. Police cordoned off Rabadi's house, where his family sat in

mourning, and arrested several suspected demonstrators. In the West Bank, streets were crowded with shoppers stocking up before the Muslim holiday.

There were no reported protests.

AP photographer Anat Givon ran for cover as the protesters saw police fire large quantities of tear-gas to disperse protesters who threw rocks at them from the

Saturday's protests broke out while the Old City was teeming with shoppers preparing for the four-day Eid Al Adha holiday which starts Sunday.

After the protest, police ordered the storekeepers to close up shop and fired tear-gas to disperse the crowds.

Hundreds of shoppers and tourists, some holding handkerchiefs to their noses, streamed out of the Damascus Gate as the white tear-gas floated over the streets.

Merchants accused the police of overturning open air stalls lining the sidewalk near the Damascus Gate. The ground was strewn

with vegetables and boxes of goods. A group of about 30 religious Jews wearing black yarmulkas

(Continued on page 3)

Zia says Soviets sending troops back to Kabul; Moscow denies it **Moscow seeks verification**

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — Pakistani President Zia UI-Haq charged Saturday that the Soviet Union had stopped withdrawing troops from Afghanistan and had recalled soldiers to help defend the Afghan capital of Kabul from guerrilla attacks. But the official Soviet news agency TASS denied the allegation.

Zia, the army chief of staff, told a news conference: "The recent information is that the Soviet Union has decided not only to stop their withdrawal but they have also brought in something like 10,000 troops back from the Soviet Union into Kabul because Kabul was under threat."

Zia refused to reveal the source of his information other than to say it came from a "very reliable source.

TASS, in a report from Moscow, denied Zia's claims. The news agency quoted Marshal Sergei Akhromeyev, chief of staff, as saying the withdrawal of Soviet troops was continuing and

describing the claims that the soviets had brought back 10,000 more than 100,000 troops from troops as a "sheer lie."

Earlier this week, Western diplomatic sources claimed Soviet troops were taking the lead in the defence of Kabul after a series of guerrilla attacks. Rockets blasted the city Tues-day and Wednesday. Official

Radio Kabul said 15 people were killed Tuesday, and diplomats put the toll at 17. Casualty figures for Wednesday's attack were not available. Zis claimed the Soviet Union,

which began withdrawing its estimated 115,000 troops in May, informed the United Nations: "We have brought 10,000 or 12,000 (soldiers) back because we feel the situation in Kabul is untenable." A senior United Nations offi-

cial involved in the U.N. monitoring of the accords said later he was not aware of any Soviet troop movements back into Kabul.

Under the Geneva accords signed in April, the Soviet Union

The president said he was convinced the Soviet Union still meant to leave Afghanistan, where it first intervened in 1979, and termed the withdrawal "irreversible."

Afghanistan by Aug. 15. The rest must leave by Feb. 15 next year.

30,000 have already gone, includ-

ing back-up personnel, and that

Soviet forces would meet the

Zia said that he did not have

any information about what

troops had been sent back into

Kabul, but Western diplomatic

sources said recently that Mos-

cow might be tempted to replace

ordinary troops with special

Moscow has said more than

Soviets appeal to Iran

In a related development, a top Kremlin diplomat has asked Iran to help secure the return of Soviet soldiers taken prisoners in Afghanistan, and said Iran could help put an end to that country's decade-old civil war, TASS said.

The official Soviet news agency reported Friday on the results of First Deputy Foreign Minister Yuli M. Vorontsov's visit to Tehran. TASS said "much attention" during Vorontsov's visit was paid to developments in Afghanistan.

"The Soviet side pointed out, in particular, that Iran might make its contribution to be cause of normalising the situation in Afghanistan," TASS said. "It was agreed that the sides would continue to discuss the issue con-

but the Soviets were presumably seeking an end in Iranian aid to the Afghan Mujahedeen.

of cruise missile system data fears that unless the cruise missile is restricted, the United States banning strategic nuclear nuclear-armed cruise missiles that could deploy up to 8,000 of them would allow U.S. and Soviet in- at NATO bases encircling the

the Washington Post reported Analysts said Moscow believed It said the detailed proposal calls for permanent stationing of U.S. and Soviet inspectors outdetection and destruction. side factories in the Soviet Union

and the United States where cruise missiles are suspected of has pressed for progress with

The INF treaty bans medium and shorter range missiles, and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev President Reagan on a treaty weapons before Reagan leaves office next January. But the Post said the Soviet

arms control specialists would prefer to pursue a strategic arms treaty with Reagan's successor rather than sign one without tight cruise missile constraints.

day witnessed the destruction of a Soviet SS-20 medium-range nuc-

(Continued on page 4)

Burma strongman resigns

the way for a possible return to said left over 200 dead. multi-party democracy after 26

Diplomats said the 77-year-old former general appeared to be although he said earlier proposals he had made to quit had been

rejected by colleagues. This time around, however. my colleagues have agreed to my resignation," he said in a broad-

cast speech. In a speech to an extraordinary congress of the Burma Socialist have a referendum on whether to Programme Party (BSPP) broad-cast by Rangoon Radio, the for-tem or adopt a multi-party model.

RANGOON (R) — Burma's mer general, 77, said he was strongman Ne Win said he was indirectly responsible for five resigning on Saturday, opening months of rioting that diplomats

Five other veteran leaders also years of army-led Socialist rule. offered their resignations, sources told the AP.

Ne Win, who cited poor health genuine in his wish to step down for his decision, made the announcement in the wake of. bloody student rioting, dawn-todusk curfews and a downwardspiralling economy.

Ne Win also told the congress,

attended by more than 1,200 delegates in a hall at the old British structively." TASS gave no further details, colonial race course, they should

Soviet Union, and one day threaten to use them.

it was more vulnerable to a cruise missile attack than the United States which has better means of

The Post, attributing its front-page article to Moscow's top arms

A team of U.S. inspectors Fri-

Upon the Occasion of **EID AL-ADHA**



ARAB BANK LTD.

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ARAB & ISLAMIC NATIONS

Its most cordial wishes and greetings

Najwa Najjar in the last of three articles explores the problems that face married couples of different religions.

DESPITE the similarity between the Muslim and Christian faiths, especially in an Arab society. when two people of the two faiths decide to marry they are punished harshly by society and by their own families. Couples interviewed by the Jordan Times say that they faced rejection at home and "fights were endless". In some cases couples said the entire extended family and even some friends stood against them and refused to visit or talk to

One example was a couple whose bid for marriage was rejected by both families. After many futile attempts they eloped. For years afterwards they were shunned by their families, and only recently did their families start talking to them.

Another couple has not been so luckly. Married now for 11 years with two children, the grandfather refuses to see his grandchildren and denies his son because he is married to a Cris-

Other couples who were unable to withstand societal pressures, either left the country or gave up.

One young man, who was in love with a woman of the opposite faith was threatened by his father to cut him out of his will if he married her. The son left the

Another two have for eight years so far failed to get their parents' blessing for their marriage. They are still waiting.

One couple found it easier to go to another country for a few years until. "their story is forgotten by society and their parents cool down," one relative said.

Despite the drastic measure taken by some parents and the hardships the couples must endure. University of Jordan professor of sociology, Sari Nasir, said society today is far more tolerant than 25 years ago. He described society's attitude today as "more accepting." In general people accept other

individuals of different faiths getting married, but still not accept this for their own children. A partner in a mixed marriage, Jasmine Abu Jaber said, "I would not prevent my daughter from marrying a non-Muslim, but I would oppose it." Another mother, whose daugh-

ter plans to marry in a different faith said: "My closest friends had intermarried and it was just fine, but I just cannot accept it for my daughter."

However, as intermarriages become widespread, society's ability to accept the couples seems on the increase. One Muslim planning to marry a Christian predicted: "I do not think people will be talking about intermarriage in a few years, it will no longer be an

As for those who "roughed it" and those planning to "do so, university of Jordan professor of



Having faith in the future

sociology, Mohammed Barhum described the type of person who is more likely to break societal rules and face rejection.

According to Barhum, there are two types of individuals in developing countries: Those with a traditional oriented psyche mechanism and those with an inner oriented psyche

mechanism. The first category of individuals' behaviour is dictated or controlled by society. "The 'shame complex' among these people is very strong. They care about what people say and hesitate to do anything outside the norm," said Barhum.

The majority of the lower classes share this mentality. Barhum attributes this factor to the economic dependency of the lower classes on one another.

The wealthier classes are governed by a different mechanism, the "guilt complex" Barhum says. "Since upper and middle classes do not need one another as much economically, social ties are weaker." the "guilt complex" appears in people who are inner oriented. They believe in being different since they are distinct individuals, and that higher ideals, standards and human values should be adopted.

However, the guilt appears when they are unable to adopt such ideals, standards and human values because they do not want to be resented by their families. "They believe that what they are doing is right and they do not care about society's reaction, but they have been taught that they must follow their parents and not to be different," he said.

One analyst, who requested anonymity, said he believed that certificates. parents wanted their children to to themselves that the set of rules

regulations." "They cannot face family would have been the fact that perhaps some of the avoided." things they have been taught were not necessarily right or perhaps they were taught for some other obscure reason."

"It is easier for children to follow the role set for them since this gives them acceptance in society" Barhum said.

As for those who decide to break away from their parents," they are usually inner oriented individuals according to Barhum.

"The way a person is socialised is the fundamental element influencing her or his decision to Whether he or she will decide to marry someone of a different faith depends on his or her believe in human values," he

That does not necessarily mean that traditional oriented people would never defy society's rules on marriage. But, Barhum suggested that as society changes, traditions should also change. "Tradtions formulated at past times served their purpose, now things have changed. We should maintain good of traditions and get rid of bad ones. "It is difficult for traditional

people to change since they believe religous teachings ought not to be changed as far as marriage is concerned," he said, adding it would be easiest for those who are not religious.

What we need is to understand social heritage and culture, and not to look at it as something holy that does not change. Barhum said.

Overcoming the obstacle by

were indeed the "right rules and headaches and fights with the authority to wed,

Other prospect couples look forward to the day when such procedure would be acceptable as in other societies. "It would satisboth sides of the families, so why not?" said one.

Some were angrier at the societal and religious restrictions imposed on them. One who have been waiting seven years for their family's approval of her mar-riage, said, " minor compromise on the sides of both faiths could create major improvements within the society.

An alternate solution was offered by lawyer Asma Khader. She believes that the Arab World should follow the patterns of the developed world in this respect. "Marriage in Jordan falls under the law of personal affairs, whereby each religion has its laws for personal affairs. It is only in the Islamic world (excluding Yemen, Lebanon and Tunis) where personal affairs are decided by religion. Jordanian citizens should have

the option of getting married according to civil law, she said. She beleives that when personal affairs are placed under government rule, then there would be equality between the citizens. Explaning her point, she said while a Muslim male can marry four wives according to his reli-gion, it is very difficult for a Christian female to get a divorce according to her faith, "now is this equal?" she asked.

Having civil marriages would not be drastic since it does not wedding in both the two faiths contradict either the Christian or was not acceptable to clerics since the Muslim faith, Khader said. both religions reject two marriage According to the Holy Koran what is needed for two to wed is This factor raised objections the male asking the female to be "like them" in order to prove amog several of the couples intermarry him, and the female's viewed. All couples argued that if acceptance. To write down laws and regulations they have been they had been allowed to get in case of divorce and for inherifollowing throughout their lives married in both faiths, "a lot of tance, gave the Muslim sheik the

Although the Christian faith states that marriage is a sacrament. Khader points out that all the European countries have adopted civil marriages as the primary institution for marriage with the option of a religious

Eventhough, there may not be strong objections from the religious authorities, Khader predicts men would object to such a change. "Men benefit from the status quo. Under such a system a woman is not completely equal to тап.

Similar to other aspects of life, when personal affairs under religious authority begin to work against the interest of men, "then there will be a change of the system," said Khader. She cited two examples: "Although the Holy Koran forbids interest being given in banks and has certain laws governing trade, these aspects were modified and changed for man to benefit from

On the same line several laws in both faiths are not being imposed for the same reason, she added. Such a system can only exist in a country whereby religion is separated from the state, 'Jordan is such a country." Overall the couples inter-

viewed said that they would have preferred having such an option. Whether any step will be taken to implement such a system remainshighly improbable. What does remain certain is that individuals of both religious will continue meeting, falling in love and getting married. They, like the others interviewed, will dare to be different and marry whom they wished, not for the satisfaction of society, but to satisfy their own desires. At the end they may agree with other couples that breaking societal laws has forced them to work a little harder, but

Incentive tourism feels its way into Jordan

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Incentive tourism. for which tourists spend three times as much hard currency as regular travellers, has started to make its mark in Jordan, attracting "up-market" European tourists on trips that combine fun and excitement with first class service.

While it has been familiar to the rest of the world for more than 15 years, incentive tourism was first introduced to Jordan 18 months ago, mainly through the efforts of the private sector.

'We came into the market at the right time and with the right product," said Munir Nassar, president of International Traders (IT), a local travel agency which specialises in incentive tourism. "We offer Jordan as a new destination for people who want to participate in something exciting rather than just sit passively like regular tourists.'

The idea behind incentive tourism is to have travellers participate in unusual activities, such as train rides and desert safaries, while they visit the Kingdom's touristic sites.

One such trip was recently arranged by Apex Trael, an established British incentive house, for a group of eight Lada car dealers from the United Kingdom. The group had won their "incentive trip" to Jordan from Lada for having sold most cars in a period of two months.

During their visit to Petra for example, members of the Lada group were served breakfast in an ancient Nabatean cave. They came back to Amman on a Hijaz Railway train that dates back to

Apex Managing Director Mal-Colm O'Neill told the Jordan Times that members of the group dressed in chef's outfits and hats prepared their own dinner at the Marriott kitchen. He described ground services and Marriott's catering for outside activities as terrific.

The group also went horseback riding, go-carting, and trekking in the desert in 4-wheel drive jeeps. had lunch in Ajloun castle and dinner in Kharrana castle, and enjoyed a barbeque evening by the Dead Sea. "We offer unusual things for a

little more money," manager of the Amman Marriott Hotel, Haile Aguillar said in reference to incentive tourism. "We do it in style. Not only do we take travellers to see the desert castles, but we also serve them meals in an elaborate oriental setting. we really get into it

According to Nassar, IT started promoting incentive tourism to Jordan 18 months ago, and has been most successful in the European market, particularly in France, Britain and Italy, "Europeans are more aware (than North Americans) of the geopoli-

20:45 Rome (RJ) 62:16 Baghdad (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

12:30 Baghdad (IA)

ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Jeddah (SV)



A typical example of an incentive tour includes a ride in a World War train from Dab'a to Amman (File photo)

tical situation," Nassar said. They know that Jordan is secure eventhough it is in the Middle

IT and the Marriott Hotel are considered among the first in the private sector to have identified the incentive tourism market and to have promoted their effort internationally. Other hotels, such as Amra, Intercontinental, Plaza and Petra Forum, are also working to attract a segment of that market.

Tough competition among hotels in Jordan was the principal reason that drove the Marriott management to look to incentive travellers as a potential market unexplored to date. Aguillar told the Jordan Times.

According to both Aguillar and Nassar, incentive travellers usually stay no more than 5 days in a country, but spend as much as \$160 per day per person. The regular tourist spends between \$40 and 50 a day, Nassar said.

However, he said that the toursufficient efforts to promote incentive tourism in the country. He said the typical reply by the Ministry of Tourism to efforts by the private sector to promote is no money."

The Tourism Authority Director General Nasri Atallah disagreed. He said the ministry was encouraging incentive tourism country and "decide whether it is the world.

As an example he said the ministry had produced a movie

on Jordan as well as brochures in French to a tour operator for an incentive trip that will bring I, Up French doctors to Jordan in However, Atallah conceded

that the lack of funds was affecting the ministry's ability to represent tourism abroad. "What we lack is the marketing of incentive tours outside the country," he said. "We are hopeful and surthat Royal Jordanian will go after. incentive tourism."

Last month Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni was quoted by the Jordan Times as saying Royal Jordanian's offices abroad were to represent the ministry in marketing Jordan's archaeologic. al and touristic attractions.

Nassar described the incentive tourism market in Jordan as, "very successful." and added that reservations have come in until the end of the year. He estimated that by December, 700 to 1,000 ism authorities had not made incentive travellers would have visited Jordan. "There are tremendous pros-

pects for incentive tourism in the future." Nassar said, "and we have just scratched the surface." incentive tourism was that "there For the next three years, he added. IT plans to concentrate on incentive tourism because "in

IT has published a 36-page, coloured. "Incentive Tourism" into the country and has even Manual" to promote incentive invited tour operators to visit the travel into Jordan from all over-

An example of a typical incentive tour in Jordan:

Lunch in Ajlun castle.

- Evening barbeque at the Dead Sea with an opportunity to

Horseback riding and go-karting at the Arabian Horse Club

 Dinner at Kharranah castle under a starry sky. Mansaf dinner in a bedouin tent in Petra.

- Champagne breakfast in a cave in Petra Driving in 4-wheel drive cars in the desert, including speed

- Lunch at Dab'a fort, south of Amman

- A ride in the Lawrence of Arabia train from Dab'a to

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION

14:20 Religious programme

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

14:30	Children's programm
17:40	Feature film
18-00	News summar
	Arabic programm
20.00	Name in Archi
20:00	News ut Arabi
	Агарке serie
	Varietie
23:00	News summary in Arabi
23:10	Feature filt
PROGRAM	
18:00	La Chance aux Chanson
18:30	Rue Carno
19-00	News in Frenc
	Un DB de plu
19:15	On DB de più
	News in Hebrer
20:00	News in Arabi

22:00 News in English
22:20 The Equalizer: "Video Games"
23:10 Ballet RADIO JORDAN

RSS KH2, AM & 94 MH2 FM

& partly on 9560 KHz, 5W Tel: 774111-19	
07:00 Morning Sho 07:30 Newsdes	L
08:00 Morning Sho	-
10:00 News Summar	
11:05	,
12:00 News Summar	
12:05	
13:00 News Summar	TV
13:05 Pop Session conte	
14:00 News Bulleti	in
14:10 Instrumenta	İs
14:30 Science Repo	п
15:90 Concert Hou	25
16:00 News Summas	n
16:05 Instrumenta	b
16:30 Old Favounte	Ċ.
17:00 Listeners' Choice	ť
18:00 News Summar	ī,
18:65 Rhythm and Blue	ŝ
19:00	٠.
19:30 Date with a St	'n
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21:00 News Summar	۲V
21:85 Evening Show continue	ď
21:55 News Summar	Ŋ
22-00 Evening Show continue	ď
23:00 News Summai	Ŋ
23:57 News Headler	
24:00 Close Dow	Т

WORLD NET

(At the American Cultural Centre) America Todas 13:00 America Today 14:00 The Forum Presents 14:30 Adam Smith's Money World 15:00 Worklnet Dialogue: Internation America Today

al Film Festival

16:99 Worldnet Dialogue: Drug Rehabilitation

17:00 Satellite File No. 267 (English)
Satellite File No. 267 (French) BBC WORLD

SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 The Seven Ages of Man 07:45 Reflections 07:59 Financial Review 08:00 World News 08:09 Twenty-Fours Hours: News Summary 08:30 Sportsworld 08:45 Letter from America 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Jazz for the Asking 16:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 From Our Own Correspondent 10:45 Sportsworld 10:50 Sportsworld contd. 11:50 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Pleasures Yours 12:09 World News 12:09 The Sunday Papers 12:15 Science in Action 12:45 The Bishops come to Lambeth 13:00 News Summary 10:16wed by Short Story 13:15 Classeal Record Review 13:30 Religious Service 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 From Our Own Correspondent 14:30 Great British Concert Halls 15:00 News Summary 16:00 World News 16:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 16:36 Four Hours: News Summary 16:36
Sports Roundup 16:45 The Tony Myatt
Request Show including at 1700 News
Summary 17:30 Jazz Score 18:60 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Concert Hall 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15
From Coca to Cocaine 19:45 Letter
from America 20:00 World News 20:09
Reflections 20:15 Jazz for the Asking 20:45 Sports Roundap 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Brain of Britain 1988 22:00 News Summary followed by Classical Record
Review 22:15 A Confederacy of
Punces — Part 2 22:45 The Racing
Game 23:00 World News 23:69 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 23:30 Sunday Half Hour 24:00 News Summary followed by Short Story 00:15 Pleasure's Yours 01:60 World News 01:09 Science Fiction Stories 01:25 Book Choice 01:36 Financial Review 01:40 Reflections 01:45 Sports Roundup 02:00 World News 02:09 Commentary 02:15 Letter from America 02:30 Six Cities

VOICE OF **AMERICA**

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174, 11925 and 15210 Hz

07:00 News 97:10 VOA Morning 98:00 News 98:10 VOA Morning 99:00 News 99:10 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 New Horizons 18:30 Saudio One 19:40 News 19:10 Encounter 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Critic's Choice 20:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 Encounter 21:30 Special English News & Features 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Sunday Report 22:30 Music, USA Standards 23:00 News 23:10 The Concert Hall 23:55 Editorial 24:00 News 00:10 New Horizons 60:30

CULTURAL CENTRES & LIBRARIES

Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026
American Centre 64437
American Centre Library 64153
British Council 636147
French Cultural Centre 6370
Goethe Institute 6419
Soviet Cultural Centre 64421
Spanish Cultural Centre 6240
Turkish Cultural Centre 6397
Have A de Capita
Haya Arts Centre
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 64179
Y.W.M.A 66425
Amman Municipal Library 63711
Univ. of Jordan Library 84355
Abdul Hamid Shoman
Foundation 6725
t Municipal Liberty Community
Amman Municipal Library 6371
NATION TO
MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes ower 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official

holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.).

holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m., 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9,00 a.m.-4,00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Ammun Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man. Eighth Circle. Tel. 815201

PRAYER TIMES

04-04	Faji
05:38	(Sunrise) Duh:
12.42	(Sunrise) Duh:
16:25	
19:46	Maghret
21:18	

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholie) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) De is Saite Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein. Tel. 661757. Sunday
English mass (summer time 6 p.m.,
winter time 5 p.m.).
Terrassanta Church (Roman Catholic).
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel, 623541.

deemer) Jabal Amman. Tel. 625383. chaplain's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh. Tel. 771331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534 Baptist School in Sametsant, 1ct.
67534.
Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman. Atabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir 811295)

Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumental English Service; Saturday 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605. Rev. Veli. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815-817.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Aha International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS

(Ten	ninal 1)
	Jeddah (RJ)
	Lamaca (RJ)
10:35	Dhahran (RJ)
	Kuwait (RJ)
10:45	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
11:00	Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
	Cairo. Agaba (RJ)
	Los Angeles Chicago, Vienna (RJ)
18:00	London (RJ)

18:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 18:45 Madrid, Geneva (RJ)

...... Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)

...... Cairo (RJ) Paris (RJ)

19:25 Frankfurt (LH) 19:25 20:15 01:00 ,.... **DEPARTURES**

13:20

20:50 Larnaca (RJ) 21:10 Cairo (RJ)

21:50 22:10

..... Damascus (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)
06:20 Damascus, Frankfurt (LF 06:30 Cairo, London (BA 10:00 Damascus, Paris (AI 10:40 Larnaca, Berlin (BEF 12:25 Kuwait (KI 12:30 Rome (AI 14:00 Baghdad (IA 14:05 Cairo (MI 14:05 Sharjah (GI 15:00 Tripoli (LN 17:40 Jeddah (SV 18:20 Athens (OA 19:00 Dubai (ER 20:15 Sana'a (LF 20:25 Kuwait (KL

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of The temperature is expected to be

around normal with North-westerly moderate winds. In Aquba, the winds will be northerly moderate and calm

Min./max temp. 20 / 35 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 35, Aqaba 40, Humidity readings: Amman 30 per cent. Aqaba 20 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE **NUMBERS**

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

Dr. Munther Al Qarini 776258

Dr. Bahjat Bader	849362
Dr. Issa Haddad	857007
Dr. Mohammad Azzam	818911
Firas pharmacy	661912
Ferdows pharmacy	
Al Asema pharmacy	
Nairoukh pharmacy	623672
Al Salam pharmacy	636730
Yacoub pharmacy	
Shmeisani pharmacy	637660
TAXIS:	
Talal taxi	640031
Venice taxi	644584
Asfour taxi	623730
Tamer taxi	813581
Nahda taxi	663003
Holiday taxi	
Sayed taxi	

Khalifeh pharmacy 985417 **EMERGENCIES**

ZARQA: Dr. Mousa Odeh

Middle East taxi

Dr. Ayed Mnassa

Al Sharaa' pharmacy

Civil Defence Director Civil Defence Immed	
Rescue	630341
Civil Defence Emerge:	ncy 199
Rescue Police 192	. 621111. 637777
Fire Brigade	198, 891228
Blood Bank	778303

Highway Police 639141 Public Security Directorate Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Sewerage 897467 Telephone Information Repairs 62310 Abdali Telephone Repairs 66110 Jordan Television Radio Jordan 774111 Water Authority 680100 Jordan Electricity Authority 815015 Electric Power 62011 624281

HOSPITALS

.... 648411, 636381

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 64441/2 labat Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital 667127/9 The Islamic, Abdali 66612787 The Islamic, Abdali 664164/6 talian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26
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Al-Bashir, J. Ashesheh 77511176
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-ANUA:
arqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
arga National II.
arqa National Hospital (09)991071
be Sina Hospital (09)986732
NDW:
rincess Basma Hospital (02)275555
"CGN Calcolic Mosmital (07)?77775
on Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100
QABA:
Tincess Have Harried (02) 24414
rincess Haya Hospital (03)314111

GENERAL

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Ministry of Information 641467	I
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"Visitings and Francisco Desc 677108	ł
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, ALACONTO DI BILLO I I VASC	ł
Corporation	Ŀ

King Hussein Bridge to close on July 29

occupied since 1948, according to Saturday.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The King Hussein Bridge across the River Jordan will be closed on The announcement said that

Friday, July 29, 1988, for all the bridge will be re-opened for travellers except pilgrims returning home in the Palestinian land 1988. Travellers into the East or the

an announcement by the Public West Banks normally make the Security Department (PSD) trip across the King Hussein and Prince Mohammad Bridges; but The announcement, which the announcement made no mengave no reason for the closure, tion of special arrangements for said that only 1250 returning pil-travel across the Prince Mohamgrims and those whose Israeli- mad Bridge on July 29.

Egyptian aide to arrive for talks on joint projects

AMMAN (J.T.) — Egyptian homes in Egypt, and also the transfers of those Egyptians emmiallah is due here Wednesday to take part in the talks of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Economic and Technical Committee, according to a report in Al Dustour Arabic daily.

The report said that the committee will discuss a timetable for implementing joint Jordanian-Egyptian economic projects as of August 1, 1988.

The report said that the com-

inittee was also expected to discuss an arrangement for the transfer of earnings by Egyptians co-chaired by the p working in the Kingdom to their of both countries.

transfers of those Egyptians employed by the joint Jordanian-Egyptian land and maritime transport companies.

The committee is also expected to discuss an agreement for the sale of Egyptian medicine in Jordanian markets and Jordan's pharmaceutical products in Egypt, according to the paper.

The meeting next week is expected to pave the way for a late July meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee co-chaired by the prime ministers

Balqa sets up emergency teams to work during 'Eid

AMMAN (J.T.) — Emergency teams have been set up in the Balqa Governorate to operate during the 'Eid Al Adha (Feast of

At least five people were killed and more than 40 others injured

that occurred during 'Eid Al Fitr holiday last May.

A total of 64 fires were re-Sacrifice) and deal with different ported during that holiday and road accidents resulted in the destruction of 16 vehicles. Fires also caused the destruction of in incidents and various accidents crops and nearly 290 trees.

Iran, Iraq locked in battle

(Continued from page 1)

Baghdad had announced a major assault Friday along the entire length of the warfront.

Defence Minister Adnan Khairallah, indicating that all Iraqi land had been recovered, said Friday's battles achieved "the hope that Iraq's flag flutters over each span of Iraqi territory."

Diplomats in Baghdad say Iraq is insisting on direct negotiations with Tehran because it doubts the sincerity of Iran's leaders in genuinely wanting peace.

Jassem called on the Iranian leadership to take quick steps to implement the U.N. resolution and establish a durable and comprehensive peace.

The most important thing is to conduct direct negotiations between the representatives of both countries under the auspices of the United Nations to expedite peace measures and implement the U.N. resolution, including the ceasefire between Iraq and lran," he said.

Jassem accused Iran of trying to stall peace negotiations by tampering with the sequence of the clauses in the U.N. ceasefire resolution.

Iraq wanted a durable peace between the two countries to be established as soon as possible, he said, adding: "The Iranian people should pressure their rulers to take practical steps to

realise this." INA said Iraq captured 8,635

prisoners in fighting Friday. Iraq holds about 13,000 Iranian prisoners while Iran holds about 50,000, according to Internation-

al Red Cross figures released

before the fighting of the last two

Ahvaz is 90 kilometres from the nearest border and IRNA said hand-to-hand fighting was continuing, with the Iraqis having advanced 16 kilometres since the morning. There was no comment from Iraq on the reported fighting in this area.

In the northern sector, Iraa said the Iranians dropped longrange artillery on a housing complex in Bimalik in northern Sulaymaniyeh province. The report said three civilians were killed and four were wounded in the

attack Friday night. Iran denied firing into Iraqi territory. But IRNA said Iraqi troops along the northern front

were shelling the border town of Sardasht and 90 others around it. One appeal broadcast by Tehran Radio said: "It is the duty of every Iranian... to rise and go

to the arena of defence of the country, the revolution and of the territorial integrity and honour of the nation."

Calls to arms came from Iran's general command, headed by military supremo Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, from the Basij (volunteer) headquarters, from the joint staff of the armed forces and from a Friday prayer

Arabs clash with Israeli troops

(Continued from page 1)

and shouting the name of anti-Arab legislator Meir Kahane, walked past the area on their way to the gate and scuffled with Palestinians.

The U.S. State Department voiced concern Friday about the resurgent violence in the occupied territories. Over the past week, nine Palestinians have died, including the first Israeli Arab fatality, Mohammad Ahmad Taher Sayef, from the village of Arara. Sayef was shot during a demonstration in the West Bank village of Zinabeh near Tulkarem.

"We note with increasing concern the number of deaths and injuries over the past two weeks," State Department spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley told

3.71

reporters in Washington. Continued confrontations and

harsh measures, including collective punishment, serve no constructive cause and only increase the mistrust and agony for Palestinians and Israelis," Oakley

In another development. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon-Peres' closest aide sharply criticised Israeli policymakers for re-fusing to talk to Palestinian nationalists in the occupied terri-

The aide, outgoing foreign ministry director-general Yossi Beilin, singled out Shmuel Goren, a defence ministry official in charge of the occupied territories, for conducting a "too simplis-tic carrot and stick policy" in the occupied territories.

WHAT'S GOING ON

SUNDAY

JERASH FESTIVAL

* Jordan Armed Forces Band local and Arabic music 6:30-7:30

p.m. at the Forum.

* Beit Fajjar folk dance. Jordanian folk dance 8-9 p.m. at the

"Krysiallis" Folk Group. Greek national folk dance 7:30 p.m. at South Theatre.

* Iraqi musical singing group Sadoun Al Jabir (National Group Music and Songs) 9:30 p.m. - South Theatre.

* Children's play the Good Neighbour 8 p.m. — Sound and Light.

* Egyptian Aragooz Pipes Group. Egyptian folk music 9:30 p.m.

Sound and Light. * Poets and Poetry 7-9 p.m. — Artemis.



QUEEN RECEIVES U.S. TEAM: Her Majesty Queen Noor received at Al Nadwa Palace Saturday afternoon a delegation of American university teachers and students and high school graduates who have concluded a week-long visit to Jordan. The group has made the visit within the Petra Summer Programme which is annually organised by the Arab Cultural Organisation in

cooperation with Jordanian universities. The visitors toured archaeological sites and economic and cultural projects and some of them took Arabic language courses at the universities in Jordan. In addition the 25-member group, which includes many Americans of Arab origin, were briefed on the Palestine issue. They are due to leave for home Sunday (Petra photo)

Dakhqan inspects water distribution

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Minister of Water and Irrigation Ahmad Dakhqan Saturday made an inspection tour of Amman, Zarqa and Balqa Governorates to ensure that his ministry's water safety and distribution programmes are implemented in these

At the outset of the tour, the minister visited the operations room set up by the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ) to deal with any emergency case during the 'Eid Al Adha holiday, and was briefed on measures taken to provide water to all regions of the Kingdom.

The operations room, which is authorised to take speedy action to deal with any emergency and receive public complaints, will be functioning 24 hours a day during the holiday, according to a WAJ spokesman.

The minister met with directors of various WAJ sections and said that the government was keen on providing all parts of the country with potable water and will pursue inspection tours of all water springs and artesian wells to ensure that they provide pure water for citizens. Dakhqan said that the water

situation in the Kingdom was satisfactory and sound but WAJ had to introduce rationing prog-rammes to ensure equal and sufficient amounts of water for all

tanks free of charge to all homes," the minister said.

A water rationing plan was announced on July 18 by WAJ Director General Mu'taz Bilbeisi

who said that the plan was war-

ranted in view of the big increase in demand for water in summer.

According to Bilbeisi, pumping of water will follow a rotary system to various parts of Amman for a limited number of hours per week.

However, he promised that water supply would not be disrupted for more than 36 hours at one time in any given area of the

Bilbeisi advised consumers to store water in tanks during the pumping hours during the application of the plan in the coming two months.

The WAJ director said that pumping sufficient amounts of water to west and north Amman districts was a problem for the authority because the existing pipeline network does not reach all regions in the west and north of the capital. Last Wednesday WAJ pub-

lished a full programme of water distribution to various regions and said that it will go into effect immediately. The Jordan News Agency, Pet-

ra, interviewed Engineer Abdul Rahman Al Omari, director of WAJ's Planning Department, who said that the operations room was a necessity to ensure that all staff work according to plan, and implement the set timetable for water distribution or maintenance of water networks.

Dr. Kamel Radaideh, director In case of any disruption of WAJ's Administration Departater supplies, WAJ is autho- ment, said that laboratories operrised to provide water in water ated by the authority work day and night to test samples of water from different resources and networks to ensure that water is not' contaminated.

the public to rationalise the use of

water because he said Jordan's underground water reserves are limited.

According to Radaideh, around 70 million cubic metres of water are pumped to Amman every year from Qastal, Zizya, Swaqa, Qatraneh, Azraq and Al Oaeb.

According to Mahmoud Hiyari, director of operations and workshops, a total of 250,000 cubic metres of water are being pumped on a daily basis to Greater Amman region during this part of the year when a considerable rise in the volume of con-

sumption is expected. Dakhqan who visited WAJ centres in Amman, Salt and Zarqa concluded his tour by a visit to WAJ's Department of Laboratories where he inspected progress of work and was briefed on the various operations and water quality control.

On Thursday, Dakhqan said that the Ministry of Water and Irrigation will close any water spring the water of which proves

to be contaminated. Dakhqan said drinking water was found to be used by some private farm owners for irriga-tion. "WAJ has been providing these farms with water for drinking purposes but it was discovered that it was used to irrigate crops." He said this violation of regulations was the cause of some water shortages in a number of

"Altogether, 146 farms were involved in improper use of water supplies in the Amman and Naour district." He said in an interview with Petra that Jordan's water resources are limited and a Radaideh urged members of rationing of water to cities and villages was deemed necessary.

Dudin: Israel exports second class goods to Arab areas under occupation

Jordanian laws violated in occupied territories

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin blasted Israel's tampering with Jordanian laws in the occupied Arab territories, calling such practices a flagrant violation of the Geneva Convention.

Dudin said the Israelis have been introducing "what they call 'package legislations' which Jordan considers a blend of defence orders from the British mandate authorities in Palestine and Israeli military and administrative laws on land issues in the Israeliheld Arab territories."

The minister addressed the closing session of the Jordanian-Palestinian Joint Committee which convened to discuss a study on Israel's taxation policies in the occupied Arab territories.

Dudin said the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip are the second largest market for Israeli goods after the United States; but, he said, Israel exports second-class goods to Arab areas under its control.

Before the occupation, which began in 1967, all citizens of Jordan's East and West Bank were treated as equals, and all taxes were channelled into the treasury to be recycled to the public in the form of services for the good of the nation, Dudin said at the meeting.

The minister urged the joint committee and its general secretariat to draft a practical formula to help the Arab citizens of the occupied territories overcome the difficulties and deal with Israel's taxation policies.

Mr. Mohammad Milhem, who led the Palestinian side to the meetings, said he appreciated the minister's views and said Israel's taxation policies are designed to uproot the Palestinian people from their homeland.

Dr. Fuad Bseiso, the committee's secretary general, thanked the Jordanian government for its facilities that enabled the committee to carry out its study and assess economic, social and political effects of Israel's taxation policies.

According to statistics, Israel was said to have imposed \$500 million in different forms of taxes on the Arab population during 1986 alone.

The joint committee in March introduced measures to help the Palestinian people under occupation to meet their financial commitments by paying loans to the Ammanbased Housing Bank and other organisations over protracted periods in easy instalments. According to these measures,

all premiums on housing loans from the Housing Bank given to families of martyrs or those serving sentences in Israeli jails, will be written off.

Premiums on housing loans from the joint committee, due by the end of 1988, will be postponed and loans to be given in

Marwan Dudin

the future will be payable over 25 instead of 15 years.

The committee said these measures were taken in view of the difficult conditions of the Arab population in the occupied territories. On March 12, the committee

announced the allocation of JD 32 million for financing projects in the occupied Arab lands. The current uprising in the occupied lands have caused the

death of nearly 400 people, and according to the Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs' statements, issued last month, nearly 9,000 Arabs have been detained since December 1987 when the uprising started. Last April, Dudin told a visit-

ing group representing the World Council of Churches that Israel was introducing measures to obstruct Arab economic and agricultural development in areas under its control.

He said that Israel was flooding the occupied Arab territories with its own products, thus preventing the Arabs from marketing their crops and industrial products abroad.

Haj Hassan invites Syrian counterpart for talks on joint transport projects

AMMAN (J.T.) - Minister of daily said that Jordan has sug-Transport and Telecommunications Khaled Al Haj Hassan has extended an invitation to his Syand hold talks on joint Jordanian- to Damascus as of Aug. 1. Syrian transport projects in general and Royal Jordanian flights to Damascus in particular. another made by Syrian Minister A report in Al Dustour Arabic of Reconstruction Marwan Farra at the top of the discussions.

gested through the joint Jordanian Syrian Higher Committee that Royal Jordanian operate rian counterpart to visit Jordan four weekly flights from Amman

> The Syrian minister's visit would come close on the heels of

who left Amman this week at the end of three days of talks on cooperation in the field of water, urigation, public works and con-

The building of the Wahdeh Dam on the Yarmouk River near the Syrian-Jordanian border was

Libyan team to arrive on July 28 to sign contracts with physicians

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Libyan mission is due here on July 28 to sion members will interview docconclude contracts with Jorda- tors including those who had subnian physicians and specialists to mitted applications for work in work in Libvan hospitals, accord- Libva. ing to a report in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Saturday.

The report said that the mis-

Éarlier this year 76 Jordanian

post there and the Ministry of Health said that the door was still open for the employment of

160 doctors in Libyan hospitals. Last month Jordan reached agreement with North Yemen for doctors left for Libya to take up the employment of 200 doctors.

Municipality to open 2 junctions Sunday to ease traffic congestion

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Junctions near the Ministry of Industry and Trade and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO) in the Shmeisani district of Amman will be re-opened for traffic as of Sunday July 24, according to an announcement by the Greater

Amman Municipality. The announcement issued Saturday said that the traffic lights have been installed at the two junctions to organise the flow of traffic.

The two junctions which were closed for traffic in May when the interchanges at the Sports City and the Ministry of Interior areas were formally opened, are to bere-opened to facilitate the flow of traffic between Shmeisani and Jabal Amman on the one hand and Jabal Hussein area on the other, the announcement said.

Ever since its opening, the interchange at the Interior Ministry area has witnessed congestion of traffic, and many complaints were raised for the long delays at the interchange.

A report submitted to Public Security Department (PSD), which is joining forces with the municipality to find a solution to the problem, said that the flow of traffic was not distributed in an organised manner along the network of roads within the interchange zone; and this resulted in a low-level flow in some routes and high density on others.

The report urged concerned authorities to re-examine the situation and re-distribute the traffic directions to facilitate the flow of traffic.

Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh announced underway to reduce congestion.

Motorists who faced long de-



A traffic jam at the new interchange in front of the Ministry of Interior (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

through the interchange at the Ministry of Interior area, thus causing the congestion.

The new measure for opening the two junctions as of Sunday was seen by observers as an last month that studies were attempt by the municipality to ease traffic congestion.

But other plans were being conlays at the interchange said that templated at the moment by the the largest number of cars were municipality, and these include a normally heading from the Abda- transfer of the Central Bus Terli Bus Terminal towards the minal from Abdali district to an Sports City and Sweileh, going area not far off from the Uni-

Rawabdeh said in a newspaper interview last month that contacts were underway with land owners near the University of Jordan Bridge in order to purchase land and set up a new bus terminal there with a view to ending the congestion within the interchanges zone in Amman.

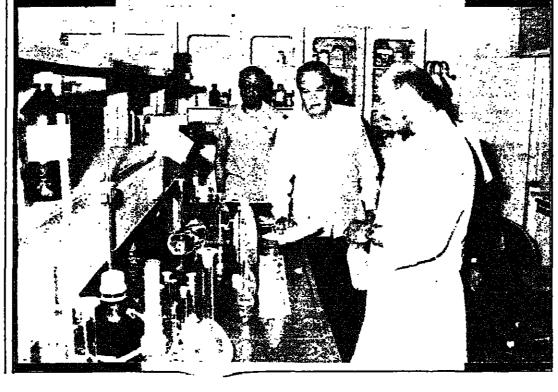
versity of Jordan.

Rawabdeh said that between 50 and 70 dunums of land were



Minister of Water and Irrigation Ahmad Dakhqan Saturday visits the operations room set up by the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ). (below) The

minister also visits WAJ's Department of Laboratories to inspect progress of work (Petra photos).



By Dr. Fahed Fanek

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World-wide disengagement?

IRAN'S unconditional acceptance of the United Nations call for a ceasefire in the protracted Iran-Iraq war cannot but strengthen the rising feeling that the international political climate and superpower relations have taken a dramatic turn over the past year towards the settlement of a host of regional conflicts which had appeared to be intractable. The outstanding examples of the shift are the Geneva agreement on Afghanistan, the four-party accord on Namibian independence, the resumed Chad-Libya dialogue over their border dispute, the Vietnamese decision to withdraw its forces from Kampuchea and the Jakarta talks that begin tomorrow on how to settle the Kampuchean problem, the shaky but holding Sandinista-contra ceasefire in Nicaragua and the dramatic Warsaw Pact offer to launch talks on reducing conventional arms and troops in Europe. The common denominator in all these regional hotspots is direct or superpower involvement, and there is little doubt that none of these deadlocked conflicts could ever have hoped for solutions had it not been for the vivid change in superpower thinking that began with the signing of the intermediaterange nuclear forces treaty in November last year. Needless to say it was the interaction between better superpower relations and the realisation of the belligerents of the folly in pursuing protracted conflicts that brought about progress in defusing regional powderkegs. But let us not forget that much more devastating and tragic conflicts await solution; the people of Lebanon and Ethiopia will no doubt continue to remind the world of their plight after years of bloody

Having said all this, we are at a loss to assess what lies in store for the Palestinian people and the Arab-Israeli conflict. Do we take the prospects of peace in the Gulf as the forerunner for superpowr cooperation to address the fundamental issues involved in the Middle East problem or do we resign ourselves to the possibility that the Arab-Israeli status quo will continue until such time the Palestinian uprising by itself will force the Israeli hand to seek a just and

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS



Al Ra'i: Solidarity with freedom fighters

MUSLIM pilgrims in the holy places Saturday stand at the Mount of Arafa near Mecca to perform their last rites before the Eid Al Adha (feast of sacrifice). Saturday our Muslim brothers in the occupied Arab territories stand at Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem praying and proving to the world at large their determination to defend their holy places and confront the aggressors. These brothers continue the struggle against the Israeli occupation forces, seeking freedom for themselves and liberation for their homeland. This is a holy day for Muslims who seek unity and who ought to display support for their brothers in the Israeli held Arab lands. This is a day of remembering the holy places in the occupied Arab territories and the people who are waging a just struggle for freedom. The Muslims and the Arabs are in need of total unity and solidarity in the face of the generator shallenges and theat and in their endouncers to help their of the common challenges and threats and in their endeavour to help their brothers under Israeli rule to remove the yoke of colonialism and occupation. This is a day for Muslims to act together in harmony and with one accord for regaining their rights and their homeland.

Al Dustour: Et tu Romania

CONSISTENT reports about a deal between Romania and Israel for facilitating the transit of Jews from the Soviet Union to occupied Palestine prompts us to ask questions of concern to the Arab Nation. Indeed relevant questions ought to be asked to all parties involved in the Middle East conflict in general and the Palestinians in particular. We do not believe that the Soviet Union has opened the door wide for Jewish immigrants to emigrate to Israel as was demanded by the World Jewish Congress and world Zionist organisations. It is rather unlikely for the Soviet Union which is a traditionally strong friend of the Arabs to succumb to Israeli or American or Zionist pressure and offer Israel this service. Moscow realises that such action would be interpreted as a gift to Israel whose leaders continue to reject all peace bids. At the same time, we do not want to see Romania playing this go-between role in exchange for a cheap price that is not appropriate of Romania's status as a European country and a friend of the Arabs. We would like to hear Romania denying such allegations and such reports which have been leaked by Israel which aims to distort Romanian-Arab relations. We would like to maintain the Arab Nation's strong relations with Romania and would like to disbelieve all reports coming out from Israel or propagated by Israeli organisations. We hope that Romania and other concerned parties would furnish reassurances to help maintain its existing

ties of friendship with the Arab World. Sawt Al Shaab: Significant visit

PRIME Minister Zaid Rifai's visit to the Irbid Governorate in response to directives from His Majesty King Hussein is in line with the government's policy of ensuring basic services to all people in different parts of the Kingdom. This visit was significant since it opened the door for a dialogue between the cabinet members and local citizens who aired their views and presented their demands. Rifai, who opened a national purk and laid the foundation stone for the new municipality building, set the stage for greater cohesion between the government and people and a greater measure of cooperation for serving national interests. The prime minister had the chance to carry out an assessment of the economic and social situation in the Irbid Governorate, and a close hand study of the problems encountered by Irbid municipality specially in connection with the sewerage and water projects in the area. There is no doubt that this visit and the talks over various issues will pave the way for the provision of better services by the government and municipalities for the citizens.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Ministry of Finance escped the heat

AT one time we used to look at the size of foreign reserves owned by the Central Bank of Jordan to draw comfort and spur confidence. The reserves were sufficient to cover 11 months of imports when the first governor, Khalil Al Salem handed over the bank to his successor Sa'id Nabulsi. The reserves dropped to two months of imports only when Nabulsi handed the Bank over to Hussein Al Qassem. The eserves now are much less now.

The new reality calls for a different perception of the problem. The stock of free and convertible dollars with the Central Bank are not more than \$50-\$100 million, an insignificant amount by any standard. From now on we should care about the proper matching of receipts and payments of foreign exchange to strike a balance, a process that does not call for a substantial reserve with the Central Bank.

Upon reading the balance of payment for 1987, we find that total eccipts of Jordan in foreign exchange from all sources reached \$3.5 billion, or 50 times the size of the foreign reserve currently held by

the Central Bank, which we overemphasised its importance. There is hardly any country in the world which receives foreign exchange as high as 75 per cent of it gross national product. What we need is to reconcile these huge receipts with our needs according to

their priorities. So that the two sides are balanced at worse, or leave a small surplus at best.

Capital flight was the main drain that swallowed a major chunk of the country's receipts in foreign exchange. The Central Bank's regulations have effectively denied access of such illegal practices to the country's pool of foreign currencies; therefore, we supported the regulations as means for the proper matching of receipts with legitimate needs of the society.

We are not fond of regulations and restrictions, but we could not afford any more to leave illegitimate needs take the lions share of our contracting receipts of foreign exchange.

The regulations issued recently are far from being ideal or desirable but those who oppose the regulations were unable to raise their voices, simply because only capital flight was not accommo-

They claim that the restrictions will create a black market. We believe that this is not the case, because there is no reason for any citizen to tap the black market for normal and legal needs. If he was after smuggling capital abroad we don't have to protect him from paying a premium in a black market, as an incentive not to do so.

On the other hand, it was observed that people were not willing to pay over 380-390 fils for the dollar even when the banking system ceased to deal in foreign exchange for several days. The demand on the dollar dropped to zero as soon as the price rose to 390 fils. This is a clear indication that the black market has no place.

Finally one has to observe the complete absence of the Ministry of Finance, who kept silent as if it was not concerned or related to what was going on in the financial and monetary scene.

People looked to the Central Bank for explanation and action as if it was the only responsible body for the crisis, while the Ministry of Finance is supposed to be the political reference for all financial and

monetary policies of the government. As a matter of fact the scarcity of dollars and the deficit in the balance of payments could not be analysed or dealt with in isolation from the deficit in the budget which reached 14 per cent of GNP in

It is quite astonishing that the country witnessed a monetary and financial crisis of this magnitude while the Ministry of Finance was keeping its distance, without taking its share of the heat.

Iran's ceasefire likely to weaken Mideast militants

By John Fullerton Renter

BEIRUT - Decreed by Ayatollah Khomeini, Iran's acceptance of a ceasefire order with Iraq is now seen likely to weaken Middle East fundamentalists inspired by the Iranian leader's sworn aim of spreading Islam.

"What was initially thought of as real, authentic, innocent Islamic revolution — something to be imitated, to be proud of — has resulted in military defeat and economic collapse," a political science expert and Palestinian official said. "The fanatic, nationalistic,

chauvinistic tone of the Islamic revolution is now obvious to Arab Islamists. Iran has lost the cause of winning over the Arab World." As'ad Abdul Rahman, a Palestine Liberation Organisation central committee member. told Reuters in Amman.

Analysts say Iranian-inspired movements in Lebanon, where the Iranian-backed Hezbollah (party of God) is believed to bold 18 foreigners hostage, and in the Gulf may lose momentum despite Khomeini's ringing appeal to fundamentalism:

"I bluntly declare that the Islamic republic of Iran invests wholeheartedly for the revival of the Islamic identity of Muslims around the world. It has no reason not to invite them to seize the past year, and Western diplo-

power in the world..." Khomeini

Hezbollah has already suffered a weakening of morale and ideological fervour, according to analysts.

Recent defeats on the Gulf battlefield, fighting between militants and moderates within Lebanon's Shi'ite Muslim community and Israel's success in damaging the party's main military base in east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley last May were contributory factors. In an interview earlier this

week in Israel's self declared security zone in South Lebanon. Israel's Colonel Haim Ariv told Reuters that cash could be the deciding factor in Hezbollah's fate. Unofficial sources say Hezbollab receives \$100 million a year to extend its influence in the

"The ideological element I am sure is weakening," said Ariv, Israel's co-ordinator for civilian affairs in South Lebanon. Hostages-taking in Lebanon is

widely seen as an attempt to wring political concessions from Western states on behalf of Tehran. Kidnappings, hijackings and bombings by pro-Iranian militants have been aimed, at least in part, at freeing 17 Arabs jailed in Kuwait for bomb attacks five

years ago. About a dozen bombs have exploded in pro-Iraqi Kuwait in

mats expect these to stop if the Guif conflict ends.

The bombings will end," said an envoy. "Whether or not they were directed by Tehran, they were inspired by what the bombers regard as Khomeini's will. Khomeini hasn't said Kuwait is off the hook, but we assume it is or will be when the war ends."

"I expect the tide to turn towards Arab nationalism," said Abdul Rahman. "In Jordan, the Muslim Brotherhood is no longer radical. It is not anti-Iraq and is quite close to the government. A minority wing did support Khomeini and it will be weakened."

In the long term, cash from a peacetime Iranian economy could help the effectiveness of Muslim militancy. But Iran's battered infrastructure must be first priority for its people after eight years of

In the Arab World's most populous country, Egypt, the progress of fundamentalism has little connection with Iran or its acceptance of a ceasefire. Mainstream fundamentalism is

represented by the Muslim Brotherhood or Ikhwan, which originated in Egypt in the 1930s. Its supporters are relatively moderate Sunni Muslims who want President Hosni Mubarak's government to adopt Islamic law. A new more-radical form of

fundamentalism has raised its

head in Egypt but is generally regarded as only a minor threat.

They (Iran) have their own beliefs on which we differ with them," said Ikhwan spokesman Mustapha Mashour. "We are Sunnis and they are Shi'ites. They have ideas which we do not approve of. They want to spread theri ideology ...but our approach is a moderate Sunni

A Western diplomat commented: "Iran is not the kind of Islamic state they (Egyptian Ikhwan) want. They approve of what Iran did - overthrowing a corrupt, Western-oriented reg-ime — but they don't approve of Khomeini's system.

Some scholars in Egypt believe Iran's revolution, its war with Iraq and hostage-taking have tarnished Islam's image and damaged the cause of Islamists seeking non-violent change.

An end to Gulf hostilities and moderation in Iran's regional posture could make spreading the message of Islam easier.

Turkey, which borders Iran. has long been considered a potential hot bed of Islamic fundamentalism and Islamic radicals were at the centre of political violence before the 1980 military

But the threats appear to have receded and political sources in Ankara say a Gulf war ceasefire would have little impact there.

OPEN FORUM

Facing the facts

THOSE who specialise in child psychology say that fantasising is absolutely necessary for children. Children must escape into fairy tales, imagined escapades and dream worlds. Life is far too complex for their young minds. They cannot come to grips with it so they take small "vacations" into the land of make-belief and for a while become a cowboy or a red-Indian or whatever. As they get older this gradually falls into place and reality comes to the fore for they are now of an age that they have to cope with it. But does this always happen? Are there not many among us who continue to fantasise well into adulthood? Maybe our make-belief world is no longer about fairies and daring deeds but is it not fantasy nevertheless if it is not based on the solid truth of the facts as they are — and not as we wish them to be? Let us take one fact only and see where we stand in regard to it. The fact of AIDS. AIDS exists and that is a hard fact. We cannot wish it away or ignore it simply because it will not go away. About 150 countries have reported cases of AIDS. When notifications first started the numbers were small but sooner they have risen to alarming proportions. We now have the numbers well into the thousands and increasing. About 5 million are believed to be carriers. Some countries are submitting statistics which no one can believe. Is AIDS going to be cured in those countries by the tactic of hiding the facts? AIDS is proving to be more of a nightmare than the ever present nuclear threat. The real horror lies in the fact that there is still no cure in sight. In 1929 Flernming came up with penicillin. Later Pasteur produced his vaccine against the killer diphtheria. Smallpox has been wiped out of our world. But AIDS remains a killer on the prowl with no known way to stop it. It inflicts men, women, children and even the unborn. It strikes on the well and the sick, the young and the old, and whoever gets it faces death sooner or later, but usually sooner. Most of us know how AIDS is transmitted. We can become infected through blood. Babies can inherit it from their mothers and it is transmitted most frequently of all by sexual contact with an infected person. It is because of this last fact that so many countries play down the numbers of inflicted people. It is tantamount to admitting loose morals, they think. Obviously loose morals will help spread AIDS just as it has always helped spread the various sexual diseases, but AIDS has unfortunately other more innocent ways of transmission. For us here in Jordan it would seem important to face the facts that AIDS is a fact of the world. Ignorance protects no one, it simply renders a person more

vulnerable. We have AIDS cases here and we will have more. Students and travellers go abroad with little warning of how easy it is to pick up this awful illness. Why do we not, in the schools and colleges, show films and slides, give lectures and statistics to our young people? Frighten them as any good parents do about other things, for their own children's good.

Here in Jordan, we are a fairly small country that does not have the horrifying problems facing other countries. Some African countries have as high as 20 per cent of their rural population in a state of advanced malnutrition. Throughout the world 10-12 million people die from sheer hunger each year. We don't have these sorts of problems here but we do have problems nevertheless. We have AIDS, we have drugs and we have excessive smoking. We discuss individual cases but somehow we either justify our findings or discard the issue as not serious enough for too much attention. It is a good thing that we have a severe law against drug trafficking in Jordan. But it is not enough. Are we doing anything to sensitise our people to the ultimate degradation and horror of drugs? What of smoking? Are we showing our young people that smoking is not a sign of adulthood but quite the reverse. To be free

is the sign of maturity, to be addicted is slavery. Drugs are often used for the first time when trying to cope with a problem. What is wrong with us that makes us unable to face up to

a problem? Have we no families to help us? Have we no God to turn to? Can our society not help in some way? Must we resort to I myself know a young man who was brilliant in school. He

passed through Tawjihi without a hitch and then — drugs. I met him recently walking with a very abnormally straight back and head thrown back. "Hi Sam," I said. "Hi," he replied waving his stick at me. "What does that mean?" I asked. "It means," he said with studied deliberation "that I am high and you are nil," and with that profound statement he walked on. I felt so sad. Where did we fail that boy that be felt the need to take to drugs. His life is ruined beyond repair. He is now where no adult has a right to be, in a world of fantasy. Not the lovely fantasised world of the innocent child, but a confused, blurred, unhappy world of flashing colours and lights and nowhere to go.

Fr. Musa Adeli

Habsburg capitals want to reunite for 1995 expo

By David Lewis

BUDAPEST - Vienna and Budapest, the twin capitals of the extinct Austro-Hungarian empire hope to link hands again in 1995 for a world fair entitled "Bridges to the Future.

If the Paris-based Bureau of International Exhibitions (BIE) agrees, it would be the first expo" ever split between two cities and the first to involve a Communist country.

Officials hope it would be good not only for Austria and Hungary, but also for every area of East-West relations.

Budapest or Vienna alone Prime Minister Jozsef Marjai said last week.

where the two world systems meet. ... We think there is a good chance that our joint application will be accepted.

Marjai was presenting a feasibility study by American marketresearchers Bechtel which predicted that, a 1995 Vienna-Budapest expo would attract 20.5

million visitors. That year is the 50th anniversary of the end of the World War II, the 40th anniversary of Austria's restored sovereignty, the ever of the 1.000th anniversary of the fist historical reference to "Austria" and the eve of the 1,100th

anniversary of Hungary. Vienna Mayor Helmut Zilk, a fervent supporter, sees its significance not in historical symbolism, however, but in the cooperation between two countries of different systems.

Various themes

"From that could come political, cultural and economic impulses extended to the relations of the two superpowers," he said recently, "A major joint project between East and West could be a historic milestone in this de-

Apart from the slogan "Bridges to the Future," Bechtel

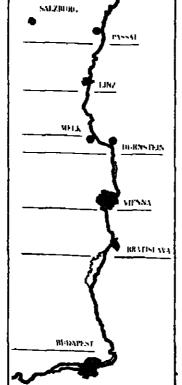
came up with such themes as "the world of arts," "the world of homes," "the world of sciences," close contact." An absolute precondition for "the world of youth" and "the

world of trade. "The subjects must be of interest in 1995 and general enough to give space to the imagination, says Peter Balasz, a senior trade ministry official heading the preparatory committee on the

Vienna and Budapest, capitals until 1918 of the dual Habsburg monarchy and now of a capitalist and Communist country respectively, lie more than 250 kilometres apart by road.

But the enthusiastic and multilingual Balasz, a former diplomat would be a quite adequate in Brussels, insists that 1995 venue," Deputy Hungarian events in the two capitals should form a single event.

"It must be one exhibition, not "But they are two great cultural cities linked by the Danube an interview with a Reuter cortwo in nearby cities," he said in respondent during a recent visit to Budapest. "It should be the



two halves of an apple with a very to the expo of 1958."

this is better transport between the two cities. Currently there are few flights and the fastest train takes nearly three hours. By car the trip takes about four hours longer if there are queues at the

A shuttle plane service is planned between the two cities, with light planes from Vienna able to land right next to a green-field site planned for development in Budaoers on the highly outskirts of Budapest close to the

A question of cost

The goal is to make the journey possible in two hours. Balasz ays a four-hour return trip is the maximum which would be toler-

ated by visitors. Officials in both Austria and Hungary are working overtime to prepare plans and costings for a motorway between the capitals only about 80 kilometres exists at the moment - and other necessary improvements in the infras-

One high priority is a modern phone system for Hungary, where telecommunications could be described politely as "underdeveloped." Another is speedier

What will it all cost? And can

tructure.

\$1.2 billion).

Hungary afford it when the country is struggling with debts, deficits and soaring prices? Estimates for the Austrian side alone have ranged from one to 15 billion schillings (\$75 million to

Balasz says he has seen no realistic estimates and that most of the necessary investment had been slated for the next few years in any case. The rest could be gathered by diverting or delaying other projects, and expo buildings could serve useful purposes afterwards.

"All the examples of previous world expos have proved that they brought about a general improvement in those countries," he says. "I lived five years in Brussels and I know that every-thing that works there dates back And he points out that

Budapest owes part of its metro. two large museums and a zoo to a much smaller 1896 exhibition celebrating the 1,000th anniversary of the country. Bechtel estimates that the sixmonth expo would attract 9.9

million visitors in Austria and

10.6 million in cheaper Hungary, while generating spending equivalent to \$450 million and \$360 million respectively. Dreams are being dreamt of package tours with nights aboard ship on the Danube - an attrac-

tive travel idea which would release hotel beds for other paying Austria and Hungary have lodged their application with the BIE, which will make its decision

in December. The BIE will sanction only two world fairs between the Seville expo due for 1992 and the year 2001. Hong Kong, Miami and Hanover have also put in bids, but Balasz seems fairly confident the Vienna-Budapest venture will be accepted.

"It is something very natural to be on the same river, to be in the inheritance of the same culture," he says. "And this very good cooperation between Hungary and Austria can be a good exam-ple for cooperation between East and West."

Moscow seeks verification

(Continued from page 1)

lear missile at the Kapustin Yar test site in the Volgograd region. the TASS news agency said

Saturday. TASS said the missile was the first SS-20 to go under the INF treaty which took effect last

Captain John Williams led the J.S. inspection team.

month.

A second group of American missile experts arrived in East Germany Friday to inspect sites covered by the INF treaty, the state-run ADN news agency reported,

Plenty of both

YOUR July 23 issue provides characteristic Jordan Times food for thought. On page 2 Ms. Aysar Akrawi complains of a "real lack of stimulating events in Amman." Not so: On May 2, June 2 and again last week, local currency markets provided endless excitement and - for the observer - amusement and stimulation. The recent gyrations in the value of the Iraqi dinar as well as May and June's run on the Jordanian dinar were anything but dull. Ms. Akrawi should realise that Wall Street is always more stimulating than Broadway.

On a more serious note, page 4 of the same issue contains Ms. Reem Mouasher's complaint about maltreatment of the handicapped. What she perhaps doesn't realise (or is too polite to mention) is that the real handicap in this case belongs to the person who spoke and behaved in an abusive manner. Underdevelopment is not just a matter of stagnant GNP, low investment or other economic problems; underdevelopment is a handicap from which most of us, citizens of the Third World, suffer.

> Riad Al Khouri Amman

S. Arabia denies Iranian claim

LONDON (Agencies) — Saudi of security for Saudi Arabia, in a Saturday described as statement to Saudi radio. "lies and fabrication" a report from Iran that hundreds of pilgrims demonstrated in Mecca and in calm and security."

The Saudi Press Agency (SPA), monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, quoted a responsible source as saying the Tehran radio report was "totally fabricated and it has no basis of truth whatsoever."

"It comes as one in the chain of lies and fabrications which are spread by Iran for the prupose of sensationalism, agitation and turning facts upside down," SPA quoted the source as saying.

Tehran Radio claimed Friday that hundreds of pilgrims, includ-ing Arabs, Turks, Pakistanis, Afghans and Americans, had demonstrated in Mecca against Israel, the United States and the Soviet Union.

It claimed Saudi police surrounded the demonstrators, who carried placards condemning Riyadh for the death of some 400 people, mostly pilgrims, in clashes during last year's pilat language grimage.

Iranian leaders have vowed revenge for last year's bloodshed which they said was caused by Saudi security forces.

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Iran also said pilgrims demonstrated in Mecca Wednesday but

Saudi Arabia denied the report. Parts of the Friday's report by the government-run Iranian radio were indistinct, but monitors said they did not hear any reference to injuries in Friday's alleged vio-

Saudi officials issued repeated statements stressing that the annual rituals were unrolling peacefully.

"The pilgrims ascended after the Friday prayers from Mecca to Mina in record time and completed at an early hour," said General Abdullah Abdul Rahman Al Sheikh, director general

"The ascent took place without any incident or traffic congestion

He said he expected the same to take place as the pilgrims, after dawn prayers Saturday, begin another ascent to Mt. Arafat for the culmination of the Haj, the ceremonial stoning of the devil.

Sheikh did not refer directly to the Iranian reports of a demon-

Prince Majid, governor of Mecca, issued a statement to the radio hailing the success of the first stage of the main Haj rituals.

The Saudi interior minister, Prince Nayef ibn Abdul Aziz, told a news conference last Saturday: "All precautions have been taken to face any emergency whatsoever."

He said anyone undermining security would be "taught a lesson that will make others not even think of any similar action.'

He said Iranians would not be barred from making the pilgrimage to Mecca this year. "The door is always open for them," he declared.

Saudi authorities announced earlier that the number of pilgrims would be restricted this year to one for every 1,000 residents of each Muslim country and Aziz said Iran was included in this restriction.

Saudi authorities closed entry points to the kingdom Monday. This is a traditional measure necessary to organise transport to the holy sites.

Saudi security forces were put on full alert earlier this month as people began pouring in for the pilgrimage.

Saudi authorities have blamed Iran for instigating the Mecca riots last year. Iran has blamed 'violence" by Saudi security forces for the deaths during political demonstrations by Iranian pilgrims against Iran's enemies.

Gulf shippers await end of 'tanker war' on ceasefire hopes

Reuter

BAHRAIN - A Liberian waterway have been on edge tanker set on fire in an Iranian since the maritime war escagunboat attack last Friday may lated in earnest in 1984 as Iraq victim of the Gulf tanker war.

But until a ceasefire is in place, shippers are hedging their bets amid fears a new raid by Iraq or Iran could prompt a fresh round of the shipping attacks in which hundreds of seamen have died.

"The big question in every-one's minds is, what happens now?" one shipping source

"We are still a long way from the final blessing... it only needs one incident and the whole thing will blow up

again," he said. News Monday that Iran had accepted a U.N. ceasefire call in its bitter eight-year-old conflict with Iraq prompted waves of jubilation among seamen at ports throughout the Gulf.

"When I first heard the news, I was dancing around the room - it's fantastic," said David Pellatt, Bahrain seafarers' welfare representative.

"This will take a tremendous burden of stress and tension off crewmen who have been the prime target of missiles."

Salvage experts were less optimistic. They said they would keep their tugboats waiting at strategic points throughout the Gulf, ready to rush to the rescue of any attacked vessel.

"If the shipping war really ends, our tugs will disappear entirely." one salvage source said. "But for the time being, they will be on standby everywhere to assist ships on fire."

In the southern Gulf, the U.S. frigate Fahrion escorted a Kuwaiti oil tanker, the 46,723tonne Gas Princess, and the 35,668-tonne American tanker Courier into the waterway Tuesday.

Reuters photographer Spiros Mantzarlis, flying nearby in a helicopter, said shipping appeared to be normal. A British warship was shepherding another batch of tankers out of the Gulf.

More than 100 seamen have been killed and 94 ships hit in Iraqi or Iranian raids in 1988 alone. Lloyd's shipping intelligence in London put the total number of vessels attacked since the shipping war began in

1981 at 546. The last victim — the 85,989tonne Liberian tanker Sea Victory --- was hit in a gunboat raid as it sailed past Iran's Farsi Island in the northern Gulf Friday. There were no casual-

By Mariam Al Khalifa Although many raids have inflicted only pinprick damage. seamen plying the narrow

sought to cut Iran's oil expor-

lifeline. Iraqi warplanes firing deadly Exocet missiles targeted tankers serving Iran, while Iran focussed hit-and-run gunboat raids on neutral shipping serving Baghdad's Arab Gulf allies.

A mistaken Iraqi raid on the U.S. frigate Stark in May 1987 prompted an influx of foreign warnips into the Gulf to help protect their country's shipping. Thirty-seven men were killed in that attack.

Since then, U.S. and Iranian forces have clashed several times, with the loss of a number of Iranian warships, A U.S. cruiser accidentally shot down an Iranian passenger plane on July 3, killing 290 people.

Shipping sources said a ceasefire could mean the withdrawal of all or most of the international naval presence in the waterway - something which Iran has demanded for months. "I will give the Americans

the perfect excuse to leave, one source said. "It also means we can start chartering nonprotected ships... it will be open market again."

Boom expected

The sources predicted peace would herald the start of a boom for slavage and shipping companies in the area, with falling insurance rates and reconstruction of Iraqi and Iranian ports boosting business.
"There will be development

in the offshore oil sector and rebuilding of new platforms and other facilities." one source said. "There will also be salvage of blocked and trapped ships, especially in Iraq's Shatt Al Arab waterway."

Lloyd's shipping intelligence says 75 vessels remain trapped in the Shatt Al Arab waterway. leadig to the major Iraqi and Iranian ports of Basra and Abadan. Another 18 remain in two

nearby Iraqi trading ports. The shipping sources predicted the boom would last for several years. "There is plenty of work to be done... its good to be in the right place with the

right equipment," said one. But some foreign seamen who receive up to three times their regular pay for risking their lives on Iran's notorious "Exocet alley" — sounded a

sour note. "I hope they are not going to cancel our war risk bonuses," the United Arab Emirates Khaleej Times quoted a Filipino sailor as saving.



STEPPED-UP DRIVE: Israeli soldiers line a stepped-up drive the occupation forces to forestall up a Palestinian boy against the wall in Jerusalem anti-occupation protests in the occupied city after detaining him for searching and questioning in

Tunisia pardons 932 prisoners

TUNIS (Agencies) — Tunisia has announced an Eid Al Adha amnesty that would free 932 political and common law prisoners, including Islamic fundamentalists, communists and Arab nationalists.

In addition the wide-sweeping pardon will rehabilitate — or restore full political rights — to 1,052 former offenders, 60 of whom are trade unionists, the official news agency TAP said late Friday.

The amnesty, to mark Eid Al Adha, is the fifth major one since President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali came to power in November after his predecessor, Habib Bourguiba, was declared senile and removed from office. TAP said 180 of those par-

doned Friday were political prisoners and 752 were common law Bourguiba had instituted a

Islamic Tendency Movement foreign visitors.

(MTI) during his final months in

The latest pardon included the release of 21 members of the movement sentenced in a mass treason trial last year. Unaffected by the pardon are 20 other movement members, jailed for their part in hotel bombings, acid attacks and other acts of violence.

Ibn Ali previously pardoned MTI leader Rached Ghannouchi, who had been sentenced to life for treason, as well as hundreds of his followers.

But he did not restore full political rights to Ghannouchi, when he was pardoned in May. TAP did not say whether Ghannouchi had regained his rights in Friday's amnesty.

Official sources here, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the pardon did not cover those convicted of bombing four tourist crackdown against the militant hotels Aug. 2 in an attack that fundamentalists, grouped in the injured 13 people, include 12

U.S. court refuses bail to Libyan

ALEXANDRIA, Virginia (AP) A U.S. magistrate Friday ordered held without bail a Libyan man accused of gathering information about American intelligence operatives and arranging for the military training of American dissidents in Libya.

The magistrate granted bail to five other defendants, among them Mousa Hawamda, a travel agency owner accused of involvement in an alleged Libyan plot to assassinate former White House aide Oliver North.

But the prosecution immediately appealed the bail for Hawamda, a naturalised American described by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as a senior Libyan intelligence op-erative. He was ordered held pending an appeals hearing early next week.

The six were among eight men arrested Wednesday on suspicion of a scheme to illegally use Libyan government funds to solicit support for Libya among American dissidents, including Indians and black Muslims.

Friday's hearing before magistrate Leonie Brinkema was to determine whether the six would be freed on bond.

The bail set ranged from \$250,000 for Hawamda to \$10,000 for Manhal Ben Mohammad, a Moroccan who worked for Hawamda. Another two defendants are being held in Denver, Colorado, and Detroit, Michigan.

William Binder, a noted criminal lawyer who represented four of the defendants in court, said the case was "very political." Binder said the prosecution had made "allegations with no concrete evidence."

North 'murder plot'

F. Andrew Carroll, the lawyer representing Hawamda, called the prosecution's contention of a plot to kill a high government official "ludicrous,"

U.S. attorney Henry Hudson has refused to name the senior official targeted for assassination, but a government source said Wednesday it was North, who played a key role in the 1986 U.S. retaliatory bombing of Libya.

Hudson told reporters after the detention hearing that "the case involves issues far beyond just a diversion of funds." But he refused to elaborate, saying additional charges would be made when the indictments are handed down, possibly late next week.

Speaking for the prosecution, FBI special agent Donald J. Bartnik said the defendant held without bail, Saleh Al Rajhi, was a Libyan intelligence operative who in June 1987 was ordered to gather the names and addresses of U.S. intelligence officials dealing with the Mediterranean re-

The FBI seized a document handwritten by Rajhi as a cover letter for a computer list of intelligence operatives, Bartnik said. The list and letter were sent to the head of Libyan intelligence. Mohammad Madjoub, he added.

Rajhi also wrote Madjoub a memo that indicated the Libyans had promised to fund American dissident groups in the United States and pay for their military training in Libya, Bartnik said.

In ordering him held, Magistrate Brinkema said el-Rajhi posed "serious risk of flight" from the United States because he is an illegal alien with no firm ties in this country. She also said the prosecution appeared to have "a very strong case" against him.

Bartnik also testified that one of his two informants in the case had complained of receiving more than a dozen telephone calls Thursday, threatening to bomb his car and kill his children.

All eight arrested are accused of violating provisions of a license granted the Peoples Committee for Libyan Students (PCLS), which allows the group to administer Libyan government money for some 200 Libyan students in the United States.

The license was given in 1987 despite the absence of diplomatic ties between the two countries.



Zine Al Abidine Ibu Ali

Countdown starts for Lebanese elections

BEIRUT (Agencies) — President Amin Gemayel west Beirut and other cities under Saturday entered the last two months of his six-year their control after the third carterm, the period in which the remnants of Lebanon's parliament must elect a successor.

The election period, specified under the constitution, began the day after a carbomb killed 10 people in west Beirut, the latest in a series of blasts apparently aimed at disrupting Syrian efforts to ensure smooth elections.

Speaker Hussein Husseini is expected to set a date for the 76 surviving members of the 99-seat house to meet and elect a successor to the 46-year-old Maronite leader. Three Maronites are official

candidates but reports say scores of politicians, lawyers and businessmen are running for the office, which is reserved for a Maronite under Lebanon's confessional system of allocating government posts.

The deputies vote in a secret ballot for anyone, whether or not a declared candidate. The winner needs two-thirds of the first round votes and an absolute majority in the second ballot.

The 13-year-old civil war has made elections impossible in Lebanon, and the neo-classical parliament building standing amid the destruction of Beirut's militia battlefronts is one of the few remaining symbols of state. No clear front-runner has

emerged but both Christian and Muslim parliamentarians appear agreed that the next president should come from the house, political sources say. Most Lebanese view the deputies, last elected in 1972, as

of a nation broken into fiefdoms ruled by militia chieftains. Shi'ite leader Nabih Berri last month threatened to block presidential elections unless the constitution were changed to give

moderates in the extremist chaos

Lebanon's Muslim majority more say in the country's affairs. In pre-election preparations, Interior Minister Abdallah Al Rassi said the Lebanese army would deploy in Beirut and its

suburbs "to prevent and restrain

any non-legal military presence

and ensure safe and democratic elections."

The army will create a security zone around the building on the green line - 10 kilometres of shell-pocked devastation splitting

Saturday, one day after a carintelligence stations in west neighbourhood Friday.

Beirut killing 10 people and The officer said police did not Beirut killing 10 people and wounding 51.

Helmeted Syrian soldiers man-

bombing near one of their installations in Lebanon this year.

A police officer said the Syrians also prevented motorists from parking vehicles near Syrian army bases in an apparent effort to avoid further carbomb attacks.

The police officer, who cannot be named under standing procedure, said a yellow Mercedes-Syrian troops stepped up secur-Benz rigged with 15 kilogrammes ity around their bases in Lebanon of explosives went off near a Syrian intelligence base in west bomb detonated near one of their Beirut's working class Cola

have a report on casualties among the Syrian soldiers at the intellining sandbagged checkpoints gence base and a nearby check-thoroughly frisked motorists in point.

Turkey unconcerned by Dukakis' origins

ANKARA (R) — The prospect of a Greek immigrant's son. Michael Dukakis, becoming the next American president, is not unduly worrying Turkey, officials

said Saturday. "Dukakis, like others whose forebears were immigrants, is an American," said one senior Turkish official who asked not to be named. "Since they are Americans they will uphold their national interests above everything else."

This is why is makes no difference to us if the next president should be someone of Greek origin... the election is an internal affair of the United States," he

Turkey, a member of the Westem NATO alliance, last January started rapprochement with neighbouring Greece after three decades of enmity over Aegean

Sea rights and Cyprus.

"Experience has showed us that campaigning and governing are two different things. (President Ronald) Reagan is of Irish

United States," a foreign ministry

source said. Turkish newspapers generally have reported the American presidential campaign without homing in on the Greek factor, apart from occasional articles under a typical headline: "Will Dukakis play Bouzouki in the White

There are nonetheless some lingering doubts about Democratic candidate Dukakis and how he might act towards Turkey and Greece, both of which provide the United States with military base facilities and rely to a degree on American aid.

Seyfi Tashan, head of the Turkish Foreign Policy Institute, recently outlined the positive and negative implications for Turkey of a Dukakis win over Republican rival George Bush.

"Positive — Dukakis has many good advisers who know American aid very well. If Dukakis will listen to them he will give the necessary importance to Turkey and also be effective in encouragorigin but for the past eight years ing Greece to form a consensus he has served the interests of the with Turkey.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Cyprus leaders agree to U.N. talks

UNITED NATIONS (R) - The president of Cyprus and the leader of the Turkish-Cypriot community on the island have agreed to resume talks in New York next month, Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar announced Friday. Perez de Cuellar told reporters he would host a lunch for President George Vassiliou and Rauf Denktash at the United Nations. "I hope we can have very important discussions" he said.

Planes join Sudan locust battle

ADDIS ABABA (R) - Pest spraying aircraft are being rushed to Sudan to deal with a sudden invasion of locusts, a pest control official said Friday. Ahmad Ibrahim of the Addis Ababa-based desert locust control organisation of East Africa told Reuters that the organisation was sending all six of its aircraft to Sudan this week. He said his organisation was responding to official reports from Sudan that eight swarms of locusts had been sighted since July spreading over areas between two hectares and 30 square

Egypt intercepts drug haul

SUEZ (AP) - Narcotics worth millions of dollars were found Friday board a British-registered cargo ship named Rees Star. authorities in this Suez canal port city said. They said the seized narcotics included four tons of opium, two tons of hashish and 400 kilogrammes of heroin. The ship was in Dubai and Port Sudan before coming to Seuz, the officials said. They said its 10 crew members were Sudanese, Tanzanians and Kenyans.

Qadhafi says F-16s in Italy a threat

ROME (R) - Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi was reported Friday as condemning Italy's acceptance of 72 U.S. F-16 fighterbombers which he said were a threat to peace in the Mediterranean. "It is a step that compromises and threatens peace in the Mediterranean and we condemn the Italian government for this," he told Epoca magazine in an interview conducted July 16 and released ahead of publication next week. Italy's parliament voted earlier this month to accept the 72 nuclear-capable planes, which have to be moved from Spain within three years under an agreement between Washington and Madrid. "In the event of a third world war, Italy would be a target for the Warsaw Pact forces because of the F-16s. Lebya does not feel happy about this," Qadhafi was quoted as saying.

Iran-contra jury gets extension

WASHINGTON (AP) — A judge Friday granted a six-month extension in the life of the Iran-contra grand jury, allowing prosecutors to continue investigations into illegal contra resupply operations in Central America. The extension follows the indict ment last month of a former Central Intelligencee Agency (CIA) station chief in Costa Rica and comes as independent counsel Lawrence Walsh prepares for the trial of Oliver North, a former White House-aide. North and three others are charged with conspiring to illegally divert profits from U.S.-Iran arms sales to the Nicaraguan contra rebels. U.S. District Chief Judge Aubrey E. Robinson ordered the grand jury — a panel examining whether to bring down trial indictments — to continue its work through Jan. 27, 1989, extending its original 18-month authority into the term of

the next president. It had been scheduled to dissolve July 28.

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Foreigners may activate Turkish stock market

The exchange opened in 1986 and looked set fair in August

1987 when the index (100 at

January 1986) rose to 1,149. But

it has been in decline since, main-

ly because of tight monetary poli-

cies adopted in February. It en-

a low ebb, averaging about 1.4 billion lira (\$980,000) a week this

month compared with about six billion (\$4.2 billion) a week last

August.
"Until now the exchange's

potential... was at an insufficient

volume. But when foreign de-

mands come in, the market will gain an international character. This will cause prices to go up,"

the exchange official said.

their shares on the market.

Maruti foresees European sales

This caution stems from a long tradition of family ownership and

secrecy, while the public remem-

produced on obsolete dies and

presses bought from Britain and

memories of Maruti's origins 20 years ago as the brainchild of

Sanjay Gandhi, younger son of

then prime minister Indira

Sanjay bulldozed his project

through against all opposition but

failed to produce a single road-

worthy vehicle, and the company

was wound up even before his

death in a plane crash in 1980.

The government reorganised

Maruti in 1981, brought in Suzuki

in a joint venture and the first car

rolled off the line in December

turnover of 8.03 billion rupees

((\$574 million) in the year ended

rupees (\$473 million) in 1986-87,

and announced record pretax

profits of 264 million rupees

(\$18.9 million) after 102 million

rupees (\$7.3 million) the previous

namurty was able to announce to

its annual meeting the company's

The 88 million 100-rupee (\$7)

first dividend, of five per cent.

With these results, Krish-

The company achieved record

arch 31 against 6.62 billion

Aiming for an all-Indian car.

Its success has all but wiped out

Trading volume is currently at

ded last week at 451.74.

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's move to allow foreign investors to deal in domestic shares is likely to revitalise the fledgling Istanbul Stock Exchange and help the government's privatisation programme, officials and brokers said.

"It is too early to tell what the will not back down or give coneffect will be, but in the long run it should be helpful," said Niko Maksimyadis, managing director of brokers Turkinvest.

The government has said foreign investors were allowed, with immediate effect, to buy shares on the exchange and repatriate

"I think many people will come into the market for a trial period." Maksimyadis, who had his first overseas inquiry soon after the announcement, told

The only question is one of capital gains tax. That part is very Broker Naim Alpar also

warned of risks. "If foreign investors take profits and dividends abroad, the Turkish economy may be adversely affected. Also, they may take over the market and this may cause domestic investors to withdraw," he said.

A senior exchange official, who asked not to be named, said: 'The new announcement will have a positive effect on the market. It will cause prices to

This is something the government has been working on for the bers crashes in unlicensed market past two years. The government dealings in 1982 and 1983 when panies' activities.

India's newest and most successful car company, has bright prospects for selling its 800-cc sub-compact in East and West

Europe, Asia and Africa, its

Krishnamurty said earlier this

month that Hungary had taken

delivery earlier this year of 500 of

the nippy little runabouts, based

on a Japanese Suzuki model but

now 80 per cent Indian-made,

and was well-satisfied with them.

enquiries from Africa, Maruti

had received an initial order from

Malta, signed a letter of intent

with Yugoslavia and was in nego-

tiation with Czechoslovakia and

Another bright prospect was in

France, where a company he de-

few cars for testing for com-

pliance with European Commun-

ity regulations and had signed a

letter of intent to sell them there.

Maruti Udyog (industries) Li-

mited has produced 250,000 cars,

light vans and all-purpose vehi-

cles in the past four years, trans-

forming India's highly-regulated

automobile sector, hitherto

dominated by lumbering models

East Germany, he said.

Besides small sales in Asia and

Chairman Venkataraman

chairman told reporters.

is likely to give fresh impetus to the government's privatisation programme.
The first long-delayed flota-

tion, with 22 per cent of the profitable Teletas telecomcessions on the rules," the official munications company for sale, was launched Feb. 29, three He said the move should also weeks after the market was hit by help the government's delayed hard monetary measures to bolsprivatisation programme.

ter Turkey's ailing economy.

The next sale to the public, of five state-owned cement factories, was postponed from June to September.

some of them lost life savings.

Revitalisation of the exchange

"We are expecting foreign investors to take a larger share in the Turkish market," the exchange official said.
"This move will also encourage

the privatisation programme because stock market inactivity has forced the privatisation activities into doubt and discouraged it," he added.

Brokers said they expected foreigners to go for shares in firms which have sound and established track records.

Last week's move to open up the market to foreign investors, announced in the official gazette, Many big issues are from family-owned firms nervous of public holdings. Generally, they do not said profits, dividends or interest could be used to buy new shares on the market, but funds could also be transferred abroad. place more than 20 per cent of

Foreign investors owning Turkish stocks will have to register with the state planning organisa-tion if they want to attend board meeting or participate in com-

shares are nearly all owed by the government except for Suzuki Motor Company's 26 per cent

stake. Suzuki has an option to

increase the holding to 40 per

cent and has said it will do so in

But Krishnamurty said Suzuki

had promised to reinvest its di-

vidend revenue of 10.2 million

rupees (\$730,000) rather than re-

Maruti's output is still small by

world standards, with sales last year of 94,033 vehicles, scheduled

to rise to 105,000 in the current

But a 1000-cc three box model,

also from a Suzuki design, will be added to the range in 1990, in-

itially 70 per cent Indian-made.

and the potential for greatly in-

creased sales clearly exists.
In India the basic-800 cc model

sells for 77,000 rupees (\$5,500).

of which Krishnamurty said

13,000 (\$930) was accounted for

by excise duty and 12,300 (\$880)

by customs duty on the Japanese

This leaves a base export price

of \$3,700, making the car an

attractive proposition against its

European competitors.

сотродентя.

patriating it to Japan.

the coming year.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Tourism in Cyprus flourishes

NICOSIA (R) — Nearly a million tourists brought more than \$700 million in foreign exchange to Cyprus in 1987, making it a record year for the industry, the central bank reported earlier this month. It said tourism earnings rose by a quarter over 1986 and outstripped industrial, mineral and agricultural exports of \$489 million for the third year running. British tourists made up 33 per cent of the total, with Swedes in second place at 11 per cent. Tourism officials said more than a million tourists were expected in 1988. Arrivals in the first three months were up 30 per cent over the same 1987 period.

Japanese companies improve ranking

WASHINGTON (AP) - Japan increased the number of its companies by seven on Fortune magazine's list of the 500 biggest outside the United States last year, bringing its total to 157 — more than twice as many as Britain with 73. Britain's total was one more than the year before. They were followed by West Germany with 54, France 41, Canada, 31, Sweden, 20, Switzerland, 13, Australia, 12, South Korea 11 and Finland 10. The first two were still Royal Dutch-Shell and British Petroleum, for the 11th straight year. Toyota Motor moved to third place from fourth. In a separate list of the 500 biggest banks outside the United States, eight of the top 10 were Japanese, with French banks taking the other two places. Still another list, the 50 biggest industrial corporations including those in the United States, was topped by General Motors, with the Royal-Dutch Shell Group moving Exxon from second to third place. Ford was fourth, IBM fifth, Mobil sixth, British Petroleum seventh and Toyota eighth, up from 12th in 1986. Among the 500, Fortune said the biggest gains in earnings were in Europe, while profits also improved in Japan. French companies quadrupled profits and British firms doubled theirs, the magazine said.

SABIC reports 500% rise in earnings

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia (AP) — The Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC) has announced a more than 500 per cent increase in net earnings for the first quarter of 1988. SABIC, a joint stock company that is 70 per cent owned by the Saudi government, produces petrochemicals, metals, plastic resins and fertilizers primarily for the export market. Industry sources attributed the huge earnings gain to skyrocketing petrochemical prices in the world market. Last year, petrochemicals accounted for approximately 68 per cent of SABIC's total shipments. In an unaudited statement in the Arabic press, SABIC posted net earnings of 652.9 million Saudi riyals (\$176 million) as of March 31, as compared to 102.2 million rivals (\$27 million) for the same period last year. Sales increased 73 per cent from 1.07 billion riyals (\$289 million) to 1.86 billion riyals (\$502 million). Total revenues jumped 73 per cent to 2.02 billion riyals (\$545 million) from 1.17 billion riyals (\$316 million), and total assets increased 5.5 per cent from 22.9 billion riyals (\$6.1 billion) to 24.16 billion riyals (\$6.5 billion).

Manila urged to curb population growth

MANILA (R) — The Philippine government must redistribute land, curb population growth and raise productivity if it hopes to ease growing poverty, the World Bank said in a report. "Any strategy that ignores these elements will fail to get to the core of the poverty problem," said the report on the findings of a World Bank mission to the Philippines in September last year. It said in 1985 five million families or 30 million people out of a population of 56 million had insufficient income to satisfy basic needs. "An immediate priority for the Philippines is to continue the present economic recovery in a way which specially raises low incomes, and provides maximum employment benefits," it said. "A longer-run and more basic requirement is to alter the growth process in such a way that its fruits of growth are more equitably distributed," the report added.

Inflation in Poland hits 56%

WARSAW (AP) - A government official revealed retail price inflation reached 56.7 per cent in the first six months of the year. Wages went up even taster, by 63.8 per cent, said the report published in a government newspaper. The increase would put the national average wage on July 1 at about 47,600 zlotys (\$106) a month, compared to 29,200 zlotys (\$91) on Jan. 1. "The principal goal for next year is to be the radical reduction of inflation, which is now the most important single factor standing in the way of increasing the efficiency of industrial production in Poland." said an official statement issued after a meeting by the council of ministers.

Hungary may legalise strikes

BUDAPEST (AP) - Hungarian trade unions want parliament to enact legislation providing for the right to strike, the state news agency MTI has reported. The next parliamentary session opens in September. If such a law is adopted, Hungary would be the first Soviet Bloc country where strikes would be a legitimate means of worker protest, a situation that would have been inconceivable only a few years ago. MTI quoted Sandor Nagy, general secretary of the Hungarian Trade Union Council as saying parliament should pass such a trade union law "with due stipulations... about the right to strike and the conditions of taking that industrial action." According to MTI, Nagy said the strike law was necessary to prevent labour conflicts from assuming a political

Chinese inflation jumps to 19%

BEIJING (AP) — Consumer prices jumped 19 per cent in the past year, the government has announced, acknowledging the biggest such rise since China introduced market reforms a decade ago. Zhang Zhongji, a spokesman for the State Statistics Bureau, blamed the economy's inability to satisfy consumer demand for the rise. But he said middlemen who hoard goods and control their distribution also are responsible. Zhang also told a news conference that grain production, stagnant for the past two years, is not expected to improve this year. He said workers in China's 32 major cities, including Beijing, Shanghai and Wuhan, were hardest hit by inflation and that food prices increased the most.

IDB loans total \$7.50 billion

Tel: 625155

RIYADH (OPECNA) -- The Islamic Development Bank (IDB) has extended loans totalling \$7.50 billion since its inception, according to its president Ahmad Mohammed Ali. He told journalists here that the amount covered foreign trade financing and development project operations in its 44 member states. He pointed out that the bank was paying special attention to promoting trade exchanges among Islamic countries and financing industrial and agricultural schemes, in addition to providing technical, training and educational assistance. Four OPEC member countries - Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Libya and the United Arab Emirates - are key contributors to IDB's capital.

U.S. imposes sanctions against Brazil

SANTA BARBARA, California process are ineligible for patent (AP) - President Ronald Reagan imposed trade sanctions against Brazil Friday in retaliation for that country's denial of patent protections for U.S. pharmaceutical products.

Acting under a section of the U.S. trade act of 1974, Reagan started a process that will lead to sanctions against \$200 million worth of yet unspecified Brazilian imports.

Reagan's move came after what the White House said was a years-long quest by the U.S. government and the American pharmaceutical industry to persuade Brazil to enact "adequate patent protection,"

Brazil has been unwilling to abolish a longstanding industrial property code which holds that pharmaceutical products and the pharmaceutical manufacturing be his intention. Nor has it said million a year.

Jordan Kuwait for Agricultural Products

Aladdin Industries
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing

Jordan Worsted Mills

Jordan Ceramics Chemical Industries
Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)

Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment

National Steel Industries

Universal Chemical Industries

General Mining

Jordan Petroleum Refinery

Jordan Lime & Brick

National Industries

Livestock and Poultry

Jordan Pipes Manufacturing

Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags

Jordan Paper and Cardboard Jordan Rockwool Industries

Trans-Jordan Minerals Research

Jordan Himeh Mineral
Orient Dry Batteries Factory

Woolen Industries

Jordan Tanning

Jordan Printing and Packaging

Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette

Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals

National Cable & Wire Manufacturing

Jordan Spinning & Weaving

Jordan Sulpho Chemicals

Jordan Cement Factories

Jordan Glass Industries

Tel: 675571

Mas Industries

Grand total

protection.

Reagan occasionally has invoked sections of the trade laws to retaliate against countries suspected of engaging in unfair trade practices, and Congress is near completion of legislation that would revamp American trade

Reagan vetoed an earlier version, citing several factors, including a provision requiring major employers to give workers at least 60 days notice of layoffs and plant closings. That provision now has been passed, as separate legislation, by both the House and Senate with veto-proof mar-

The White House has not said specifically whether Reagan would veto the new plant-closing bill, although that is believed to

vised trade bill, which is still

pending in the Senate. Last year, Reagan imposed sanctions against Japan, accusing it of dumping electronic products into the United States at belowmarket prices and of refusing to open its own markets to U.S.

computer components. In the case of Brazil, the Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association petitioned the government for an investigation, arguing that Brazil's refusal to protect intellectual property rights restricted U.S. commerce and cost American pharmaceutical manufacturers more than \$160 million from 1979-86.

A Reagan administration official, commenting on condition of anonymity, said the loss to U.S. producers is running at about \$36

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Weekly Amman Financial Market trading

Name of company	Number of shares	Volume of trade	Opening price	Closing price	P. Val
Banking and financial insti	tutions	;			
a construction of the cons	400	612	1,590	1.530	1.0
ndustrial Development Bank	1000	1970	1.920	1.970	1.0
Petra Bankordan Islamic Bank	6165	1970	1.770	1.740	1.0
ordan Kuwait Bank	3475	5005	1.450	1.440	1.0
ordan Gulf Bank	3160	3918	1.250	1.240	1.0
lousing Bank	650	1203	1.830	1.860	1.0
arab Jordan Investment Bank	10500	22050	2.100	2.100	1.0
airo Amman Bank	_	_	_	_	5.0
ank of Jordan	1423	21209	15.200	15.150	5.0
rab Bank	830	91673	111.000	112.500	10.0
ordan National Bank	10700	27130	2.530	2.550	1.0
ordan Finance House for Development	1730	1592	0.950	0.920	1.0
ordan Investment and Finance Corporation	15150	27532	2.000	2.110	1.0
inance and Credit Corporation	24150	14130	0.600	0.580	1.0
lational Financial Investments	400	720	1.800	1.800	1.0
ational Portfolio Securities	11952	8604	0.710	0.720	1.0
rab Finance Corporation (Jordan)	2300	3144	1.360	1.380	1.0
ordan Securities Corporation	1297	992	0.770	0.780	1.0
leal Estate Financing Corporation	25	400	19.000	16.000	2.0
I Mashrek Exchange	_	_	_	_	10.0
nsurance and reinsurance			•		
ordan French Insurance	_	_	_	_	1.0
EFCO Life Insurance	_	- .	_	~	1.0
ordan Insurance	_	-	. 		1.0
rab Life and Accident Insurance	620	591	0.960	0.970	1.0
armouk Insurance and Reinsurance	2800	3074	1.100	1.080	1.0
loly Land Insurance	950	1188	1.260	1.250	1.0
hiladelphía Insurance	300	243	0.820	0.810	1.0
arab Union International Insurance		_	_	_	1.0
trusalem insurance	_	_	_	_	1.0
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liddle East Insurance	_		_	_	10.0
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ieneral Investments	_		_	_	1.0
ma for Investment and Financial Facilities	14165	9537	0.670	0.680	1.0
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eal Estate Investment (Agarco)	7080	3474	0.480	0.490	1.0
ordar, Gulf Real Estate Investment	5476	1719	0.320	0.320	1.0
ordan Leasing Corporation			_	_	1.0
tra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments	1317	282	0.730	0.710	1.0
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ternational Contracting & Investment	47067	9832	0.210	0.210	1.00
rdanian Electric Power	5848	9161	1.530	1.590	1.0
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ar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing	3900	1720	~		1.0
rdan Dairy		1730 4292	0,460	0.440	1.00
rab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	4367 8463	4292	0.990	1.000	1.00
termediate Petrochemical Industries	130811	16438 159605	1.940	1.960	1.00
rdan Phosphate Mines	4565		1.190	1.230	1.00
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dustrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)	10065	12343	1.210	1.230	1.00

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city 2) Just one of the

3) Beverly Hills Cop

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1) The Vals Performances: 3:30, 6:38

2) A Dancing Show Performances: 8:00, 10:30

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SPORTS IN BRIEF

West Ham signs Irish international

LONDON (R) — West Ham beat London soccer rivals Tottenham in the race to sign Walsall and Ireland international striker David Kelly, Kelly, valued at around half a million pounds sterling (\$870,000), joined his new club on Friday night. West Ham manager John Lyall said: "David is what I would describe as a natural player with plenty of flair and will bring a lot of exciting action to the club." Lyall said he expects a decision from England international Tony Cottee by Monday. The two-million pounds marksman is being pursued by Arsenal and Everton.

Juventus sign Rui Barros from Porto

TURIN, Italy (R) — Juventus have signed midfielder Rui Gil Soares do Barros from Porto of Portugal, the Italian soccer club announced Saturday. Rui Barros, 22, has a four-year contract and will join Wales striker Ian Rush and Michael Laudrup of Denmark as the side's third foreign player. Juventus sources put the transfer fee at \$4 million.

Italy budgets \$5 billion for World Cup

ROME (R) - The Italian cabinet authorised on Friday nearly 6,500 billion lire (\$5 billion) to be spent on transport, communications and hotels for the 1990 World Cup soccer finals. The sum is more than double that originally forecast and excludes spending on stadiums. Minister of Tourism Franco Carraro told a news conference the funds also covered other projects to improve life in the 12 cities hosting matches. The government and local organisers have said Italy needs to modernise its transport and telecommunications networks for the 31-day event. Eight million visitors are expected for the June 1990 finals.

Hanika, Cecchini advance to semifinals

AIX-EN-PROVENCE, France (AP) — The two top seeds, Sylvia Hanika of West Germany and Sandra Cecchini of Italy, led the way into the semifinals as the four quarterfinal winners Friday romped through their opponents in straight sets. Each of the losers managed no more than four games in any of the matches played. Hanika, the No. 1 seed and 16th-ranked player in the world, bested the French junior, Nathlie Guerree, 6-3, 6-1. Cecchini, the second seed, downed the young Spanish hope, Conchita Martinez, 6-3, 6-1. Judith Wiesner of Austria easily defeated Brazil's Neige Dias, 6-1, 6-3. Wiesner, the No. 6 seed, meets Cecchini in one semifinal. They met in the final of a Strasbourg tournament earlier in the year with Cecchini winning. Fifth-seeded Bettina Fulco of Argentina whipped Czechoslovakia's Iva Budarova, 6-1, 6-1, for the final semifinal berth against

Hoerner sets world best mark in swimming

POTSDAM, East Germany (R) - European champion and world record holder Silke Hoemer set the fastest 100 metres breaststroke time this year on Friday, the fourth day of the East German Swimming Championships. The 22-year-old Leipzig sports student came under intense pressure from Annett Rex, who had swum the previous season's best, but managed to reclaim her crown in one minute 8.74 seconds, just under a second short of her world record. Hoemer is also the European 200 metres breaststroke champion and took the silver medal over the distance at the last World Championships. In the women's 100 metres butterfly, European champion Kristin Otto was just squeezed out by national title holder Birte Weigang in 59.65 seconds, the second fastest time this season behind China's Jiang



"The trick is to grow your eyebrows long and comb them back over your bald spot."

I'M WRITING A

TELEVISION:

UEFA officials being sued over Heysel stadium disaster

BRUSSELS (R) - Italian victims and relatives of those who died in the Heysel soccer stadium riot in 1985 are taking legal action for damages against the two top officials of the European Footbail Union (UEFA) and two Belgian officials, the public prosecutor's office said Friday.

UEFA president Jacques Georges and general-secretary Hans Bangerter and two local Belgian officials, including the mayor of Brussels, have been named to appear in court on the basis of the suit brought by Italian victims of the disaster, a spokesman said.

He said the four would appear on October 17 along with others charged in the case.

The suit, brought by about 100 Italian victims and their relatives, held the City of Brussels and UEFA partly responsible for the May 1985 disaster in which 39 football fans, mainly Italians, were killed in rioting before a European Football Cup final between Liverpool of England and Juventus of Italy.

The public prosecutor's office stressed the suit was a mainly civil action undertaken at the initiative of some of the Italian victims and

not by Belgian justice authorities. "It will be up to the court to decide whether there is a criminal case to answer against them," the spokesman said.

The Italian plaintiffs were seeking damages of between half a million and 15 million Belgian francs (\$14,000 and \$440,000).

Coe must run in **Olympic** trials

LONDON (R) — Double Olympic 1,500 metres champion Sebastian Coe has been told he must finish in the first two in Britain's Olympic trials next month or he will not defend his title in Seoul.

"Seb will have to prove himself. There is no question of the selection policy being changed," British Amateur Athletic Board (BAAB) spokesman Tony Ward said Friday.

The first two in the trials win automatic selection for the Seoul Olympics. World mile record holder Steve Cram is assured of the the match at 5-5 before play was third 1,500 place in Seoul on the strength of his win in the Dream Mile in Oslo three weeks ago. Ward said: "You can't go on picking people on sentiment alone. That would be unfair to

our other world class 1,500 run-"We would be delighted to see Seb come out and do well in the trial. There would then be no

argument. "But at the moment he has a weak hand. He has not completed a 1,500 for nearly two years and we could be coming to the end of an era.'

YOU GOT NOTHIN' BUT

PAGES OF

WHOA, WHOA!



Connors outclasses Lozano

WASHINGTON (Agencies) career title when he crushed 15th-6-1, 6-2 in a third-round match at the \$415,000 D.C. Classic tennis tournament.

American Derrick Rostagno, seeded 16th, continued his run of upsets by eliminating seventh-seeded Darren Cahill 7-6 (7-3), 6-4 to advance to the semifinals. Rostagno had beaten countryman Brad Gilbert in the third round. Connors, who has not won a

tournament since 1984, buried the passive Lozano with his aggressive all-court play and broke the Mexican clay-courter's serve twice in each set. Connors will play his quarter-

final match against 8th seeded American compatriot Jay Berger Saturday, and the winner will play against Aaron Krickstein the same evening.
Rostagno, 82 in the world,

fought off two brief rain delays and a strong serve-and-volley challenge to defeat Cahill in a

highly competitive match. Rostagno took a 5-3 lead in the first set, only to have Cahill level delayed by rain. However, when reak, Rostagno hit three service winners, including two in a row at 5-3 to win the set.

Hogstedt upsets Annacone

In Schenectady, New York, Sweden's Thomas Hogstedt upset second-seeded Paul Annacone in his twice-delayed second-round match Friday in the \$175,000 OTB-Nabisco-Virginia Slims International Tennis Open.

The Annacone-Hogsteds match was suspended Wednesday

night due to darkness and washed Top-seed Jimmy Connors moved out Thursday by rain. When play a step closer to his elusive 106th resumed Friday, the two players

were tied at 4 games apiece in the seeded Jorge Lozano of Mexico third set. Annacone won his serve easily and had match point against Hogstedt's serve in the next game but failed to break.

Hogstedt then came up with some outstanding passing shots to break Annacone's serve, and despite three double faults, several unforced errors from Annacone allowed Hogstedt to serve out the match and win 0-6, 6-2, 7-5.

Marie wins 20th stage; Delgado still leads tour

CHALON-SUR-SAONE, France (Agencies) — France's Thierry Marie won the 20th stage of the Tour de France Friday as things settled down after two hectic days during which leader Pedro Delgado of Spain survived a drug controversy.

Friday, retaining a margin of ab-Rooks of The Netherlands in the

overall standings.

Marie captured the 223.5kilometre (138-mile) section from Clermont-Ferrand to Chaion-sur Saone. He burst away from the pack in the last metres (yards) to hold a two-margin at the finish to win in 6 hours, 3 minutes, 45

seconds. Friday's stage was decided in the final stretch. Earlier, Norway's Dag-Otto Lauritzen broke away from the field at around the 160-kilometre (100-mile) mark.

Later, the pack caught up with him and the race became one for the top sprinters.

Close behind Marie in second, third, fourth and fifth places were Jean-Paul van Poppel of The Netherlands, Jean-Pierre Heyn-derrickx and Eddy Planckaert, both of Belgium, and Adri van der Poel of The Netherlands.

Davis Phinney of the United States was eighth in the stage. Only two more stages are left in the tour — a 46-kilometre (29-mile) time trial in Satenay and a 172.5-kilometre (106-mile) section from Nemours to Paris.

The race ends Sunday with a final sprint up the Champs Both stages are relatively flat

and, barring an accident, Delgado is all but assured of victory. Delgado continued his struggle for victory this week while facing accusations of drug use. He was cleared Thursday night of using any drugs forbidden by the Inter-

Delgado ended in the pack national Cycling Union (ICU), riday, retaining a margin of abalthough the probenecid found in out five minutes over Steven his system is banned by the International Olympic Committee (IOC).

Probenecid is a drug used to mask the detection of anabolic steroids in the body. Its legitimate medical uses include the treatment of gout.

Riders stage protest over dope tests

The 20th stage of the tour Friday was delayed by 10 minutes as riders carried out a protest against dope testing procedures in the wake of the Delgado affair.

The 153 riders left in the race held up the start of the 223.5-km stage from Clermont Ferrand to Chalon-sur-Saone, which was eventually won by Thierry Marie of France.

Delgado, whose controversial "positive yet negative" dope test has dominated the third and final week of the tour, retained the race leader's yellow jersey and a four-minute 58-second advantage

over Dutchman Steven Rooks. The tour's riders were angry that information over Delgado's dope test was leaked to the media and that, because of a mix-up, the laboratory involved pronounced the test positive though the drug

found is not banned in cycling. "Team directors and riders would like to see fairer and clearer rules," Roger Legeay, chief of the Z Peugeot team, said. "It becomes ridiculous when you announce a rider is positive then

The affair has undoubtedly tar-

nished Delgado's seemingly inevitable tour victory in Paris Sunday as the test showed he took the drug probenecid, banned last year by the International Olympic Committee as it is normally used to mask the taking of anabo-

lic steroids. The world cycling body is expected to add it to its own proscribed list during next month's World Championships in Bel-

Delgado said he had not been affected by the controversy. "I iust concentrate on getting on with the race," he said. "All the French supporters have been very good towards me. They applaud me a lot — it's a great feeling.

From this year, I'm a bit French."
With the destiny of the tour being decided more by what happens in the laboratories and committee rooms, there was relatively little interest in events on the road.

But Marie, giving France only its second stage win of the tour, pulled off a remarkable coup to snatch victory from the brilliant Dutch sprinter Jean-Paul van Poppel, who has already mounted the winner's rostrum

three times in the race. Van Poppel's team patrolled the front of the pack towards the end of the race, quickly reacting to counter any breaks in efforts to protect their sprint star.

But Marie outfoxed them by attacking 500 metres from the finish line, catching Van Poppel's men off guard at the moment an earlier break by Spaniard Inaki Gaston was being neutralised. Van Poppel led the pack home

two seconds behind Marie, with Jean-Pierre Heynderickx third. Delgado, Rooks and the other leading riders were all in the main

The 21st and penultimate stage of the tour is an individual time trial of 46 kms at Santenay.

DAVIS CUP ROUNDUP

West Germany nears Davis Cup final

DORTMUND, West Germany (Agencies) - Boris Becker and Eric Jelen put West Germany one step away from the Davis Cup final Friday, each scoring team its first point in the best-ofstraight-sets wins in the opening singles of their world group semifinal against Yugoslavia.

Becker won the battle of the big hitters, trading aces and then efficiently overwhelming Slobodan Zivojinovic 7-5, 6-2, 6-4.

Jelen allowed himself the lux- was left shaking his head on ury of squandering break points several Agassi winners. match point before disposing of Goran Proic 9-7, 9-7, 6-2. The victories left West Ger-

many needing just one more victory from the remaining three matches to reach the final for the third time.

That success could well come in Saturday's doubles where Becker and Jelen are scheduled to meet Zivojinovic and 16-year-old Goran Ivanisevic. The first match between the

two countries' top players, always billed as the most important of the whole tie, turned on the 11th game of the first set.

Until then seven games had been won to love and only eight points won against service as booming and lightning-fast serving on the swift carpet surface dictated play.

U.S. beats Argentina

In Buenos Aires, Argentina, Andre Agassi of the United States steamrolled over Argentina's Martin Jaite 6-2, 6-2, 6-1 Friday to give the U.S. squad a 2-0 lead in the American zone final of the Davis Cup. Earlier Friday, John McEnroe

defeated Argentina's Guillermo Perez Roldan 6-2, 5-7, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3 in a marathon 4-hour opening singles match to give the U.S. five series.

The 18-year-old Agassi, ranked fifth in the world, was in total command of the match, passing Jaite at the net, down the sidelines and with deceptive drop shots. Jaite, 22nd in the world,

Argentine crowd turned in favour of Agassi, whose shoulder-length hair and faded jeans shorts attracted hoots from some of the crowd at the Buenos Aires Lawn Tennis Club.

A few female fans waited near the edge of the stands during break points in hopes of getting a greeting from Agassi, who obliged one woman with a smile that left her jumping up and down in her seat.

Soviet Union takes lead over Netherlands

In Moscow, Andrei Chesnokov and Andrei Cherkasov won in straight sets Friday as the Soviet Union took a 2-0 lead over The Netherlands in the Euro-African zone B final and moved within a victory of joining the world

Cherkasov beat Peer Paul Doggers, ranked 199th, 6-4, 6-1, 9-7 in the opening match at Jurmala, a Baltic resort.

Chesnokov, ranked 16th in the world, beat 38th-ranked Michiel Schaper 6-2, 6-3, 7-5.

"Of course, I was very nervous

before going out on the court," said Cherkasov, who played his first Davis Cup match. He said: "But I remembered

that I had already beaten that rival at a junior tournament in the United States two years ago. Together with my coach Natalya Rogova we developed a definite plan of the game which I managed to fulfill. I'm glad I scored such an important point for our

Austria surprises England

In Vienna, Austria took a surprising lead against England 2-0 after the opening two singles in a Europe-Africa zone tennis final game in Zell Am See.

Austria's Thomas Muster crushed Steve Shaw of England in straight sets 6-4, 6-2, 6-2 in the first match of the series. In the second match, Horst

Skoff trounced Jeremy Bates in four sets, 6-4, 6-4, 0-6, 6-0. Muster, Austria's number 1 player, needed less than two hours to outplay the Briton, rank-

ed 201st in the ATP computer standings. Muster dominated throughout

the game at the central clay courts in the alpine resort south of Salzburg. In the closing set, the Austrian broke Shaw's service twice and

each time his accurate and imaginative play drew loud cheers from his fans. Ireland overpowers Greece

In Dublin, Ireland took a 1-0 lead over Greece in the Davis Cup European zone group two final when Matt Doyle beat

Anastasis Bavelas 6-2, 6-2, 7-5 in

the opening singles Friday. George Kavopelonis led Owen Casey 7-5, 2-2 in the second match when play was abandoned for the day because of rain.

Hong Kong crushes Pakistan In Hong Kong, Hong Kong

won the doubles match at the Davis Cup tennis Asia-Oceania group 2 finals Saturday, giving it an unbeatable 3-0 lead over Pakistan in the team standings.

Hong Kong's Mark Bailey and Andy Brothers defeated the Pakistani pair of Mushaf Kishal Zia and Hameed Ul Haq 6-3, 11-9, 2-6, 6-4.

In the opening singles matches Friday, Hong Kong's Colin Grant beat Mushaf 6-1, 6-1, 6-3, and Bailey defeated Hameed 6-2, 6-3,

The remaining two singles matches are to be played on

Uruguay trounces Venezuela

In Montevideo, Uruguay, Diego Perez crushed Venezuela's Nicolas Pereira 6-2, 6-3, 6-0 and Marcelo Filippini defeated Carlos Claverie 6-2, 6-2, 6-3 Friday to give host Uruguay a 2-0 lead in the finals of group 2 play of the American zone final of Davis

Cup.
The singles opener was delayed two hours by morning rain and brisk winds, but Perez wasted little time using his experience from years on the European tennis circuit to defeat the 20-yearold Pereira in straight sets.

Griffith Joyner runs fast 200 metres

INDIANAPOLIS (R) - Flor- champion, and four-time Olymence Griffith Joyner sprinted to the eighth fastest 200 metres time ever, 21.77 seconds, at the U.S. Olympic trials Friday.

Griffith Joyner, wearing a bright yellow body suit and her long black hair flowing, surged around the final curve and defeated 1984 Olympic champion Valerie Brisco by six metres in the semifinal race.

The performance, into a head-

wind of 0.1 metres per second, shattered the U.S. record of 21.81 seconds that Brisco set at the Los Angeles games. Griffith Joyner, who had run 10.49 seconds for the 100 metres

world record last weekend, will attempt to better the 200 metres world record Saturday, the concluding day of the nine-day meeting that is deciding the U.S. team for Seoul.

She clocked 21.96 seconds in the opening round of the 200 metres Friday morning. In other action, Jackie Joyner-

Kersee recorded 7.22 metres in qualifying for the women's long jump. On Saturday she set a world record of 7,215 points in the heptathlon.

Mac Wilkins, the 1976 Olympic

pian John Powell led qualifying for Saturday's discus final. Wilkins threw 63.86 metres and Powell had a best of 62.54

Former 100 metres record holder Evelyn Ashford decided not to compete in the 200 metres since she had made the U.S. team in the 100 metres.

Lewis to meet Johnson in Zurich

A 100 metres duel between world record holder Ben Johnson and Olympic champion Carl

Lewis appears to be set for Zurich on August 17. "Ben definitely will run the 100

stand Carl will," Larry Heidebrecht, Johnson's agent, told Reuters in a telephone interview from his Williamsburg, Virginia, home on Friday. Joe Douglas, Lewis's agent, also said it was likely the two

metres at Zurich and I under-

giants of sprinting would meet in Zurich. "There's a 90 per cent chance he will," Douglas told Reuters.

"We'll decide in two or three days."
The two had been scheduled to

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run in a one-million-dollar. three-race series in Europe this summer, but a hamstring injury suffered by Johnson in May put an end to negotiations for the proposed series.

Heidebrecht said Johnson was

now fully recovered from the

injury and would run the 100 metres in the Canadian Championships August 5-7 at Ottawa-Johnson set the 100 metres vorld record of 9.83 seconds in

defeating Lewis at last year's Rome World Championships.

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Estonian nudists

win 'birthday suit'

MOSCOW (R) — A small but determined band of nudists won a

supreme court battle in Estonia

from sunbathing in the nude, the

Communist Party newspaper

Pravda said Friday. Pravda

when "couples dressed like

Estonian beach a few years ago

and officials denied them permis-

sion to have a private stretch of

sand. The nudists then hired bull-

dozers to build a sand wall. Prav-

da mocked the official response

- a resolution from higher au-

thorities telling the local officials

to "demand order in accordance

with the established order." The

nudists were told to level the sand

wall. They refused and took the

officials to court. When they lost

the case, they appealed to the

Estonian supreme court which

one year ago. Now. Prayda said.

the nudists have doubled the

height of their sand wall and can

sun in their "birthday suits" in

ruled in their favour. That was

style to report on the incident under the headline "The Naked Facts." It said the fire later than the fire

Adam and Eve" appeared on an

after local officials banned them

Dukakis hits campaign trail from Bush's turf

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Democrat Michael Dukakis has begun his campaign for the White House in a symbolic trip to his running mate's home ground and a blast at George Bush, the Republican

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

ABERDEEN (AP) - A team of workers led by American Paul

"Red" Adair extinguished two remaining wallhead blazes on the

oil platform that was blown apart in the world's worst oil rig

disaster, owners said Friday. The Los Angeles-based Occidental

Petroleum Corporation said the fires in wells P32 and P3 on the

Piper Alpha rig had been doused with sea water and then capped

ROME (R) — Italy said Friday it was sending a ship to nigeria in

the next few days to help remove Italian toxic waste dumped

illegally in the port of Koko. Civil Protection Minister Vito

Lattanzio said an Italian ship would leave soon to join a West

German-registered vessel now waiting off Koko. The West German ship was contracted by an Italian state-owned company

EXETER. England (AP) — A medical physcist's error allowed 153

cancer patients to receive radiation overdoses at the Royal Devon

and Exeter Hospital in southwest England, health officials said

Friday. Of those patients who received the 25 per cent extra

dosages while undergoing radation therapy between February and July of this year. 22 have died, according to Exeter health official

David King. King said the deaths could not be attributed directly to

the increased doses. Another doctor said it was unlikely, but

possible, that the overdoses led to deaths. King said the patients

could suffer long-term side-effects, including excessive scarring of

skin, bones and parts of the lung. "The problem was not the fault

of the machine. It was a mathematical miscalculation, and the

SANTIAGO (AP) — Air Force commander General Fernando

Matthei said Friday the country's military chiefs had set the date

for an upcoming yes-or-no presidential ballot but refused to

disclose what it is. "It has been agreed upon, but I'm not going to

tell you because it's not for me to say," Matthei told reporters at a

ceremony marking his 10th year as air force leader. He said the

military commanders also had set a date for a meeting to pick a

candidate, but again declined to disclose it. "It should come out in

the next few days." he said. President Augusto Pinochet, the

right-wing army commander who has ruled for nearly 15 years, is

expected to be nominated and has been campaigning hard for a "yes" vote. He recently said the ballot would be held within 90

LORENZAGO. Italy (AP) — Pope John Paul II said Friday he would like to visit South Africa some day but that he would not stop there during his Sept. 10-20 tour of southern African

countries. John Paul, talking to reporters at the end of a 10-day vacation in this town in the Dolomite Alps, said that the Roman

Catholic bishops of South Africa do not believe the time is ripe for

such a visit. But he added that he hoped "perhaps one day" he

could also visit there. In September, the Pope is scheduled to visit

Botswana, Mozambique, Lesotho, Zimbabwe and Swaziland,

Chilean air chief says date set for ballot

Patients received radiation overdoses

Italy to remove waste from Nigeria

active in Nigeria to collect the refuse.

medical physicist is mortified," King said.

Pope rules out stop in S. Africa

More fires extinguished on Piper Alpha

Dukakis, a day after accepting Jackson agenda. the Democratic nomination, said the vice-president and other Re- son said to Dukakis and Bentsen. publicans, "wouldn't know a ba- "All that we can ask of anyone is lanced budget if it hit them in the that they not betray that trust."

fused — they don't know what to ance speech as "very good" but make this ticket," Dukakis said harped on the differences between after arriving in Texas, which is Dukakis and Bentsen, saying the home state of running mate. Dukakis is far more liberal on Sen. Lloyd Bentsen, as well as most issues than his running Bush's adopted home state.

campaign stump with praise from Jesse Jackson, but the black civil rights leader who was Dukakis' strongest Democratic rival said his followers would be ready to Saturday, continuing their three-

"You ask us trust you," Jack-

Bush, campaigning in Mil-'The Republicans are all con- waukee, praised Dukakis' acceptmate. Bush predicted the Demo-The candidates left on their cratic Party would be "running against itself by the time we get through.

Dukakis and Bentsen were travelling together in California turn up the "street heat" to make day, cross-country campaign sure the nominees follow the kickoff swing with a rally in California's San Joaquin Valley before flying to North Dakota, in the nation's agricultural midsection, for an appearance at the

Going for blood on Bush's home turf, a triumphant Dukakis told a Friday rally under the glistening skyscrapers of this oil capital that his ticket would not concede a single state, and predicted a sweep of Texas.

After two rallies Friday in Texas - a state the Massachusetts governor has targetted as a prime battleground against the popular vice president who has a legal residence here - he headed for California, another vital state.

In what seems to be shaping up as a bruising election fight, a new poll showed Dukakis with a 50to-40 per cent lead over Bush, assured his party's nomination next month.

But Bush, also on a campaign swing, downplayed the poils.



"I never thought it would be a cake-walk," Bush told reporters at an Italian-American festival in Milwaukee. "I do better when I come from behind, fighting

Dukakis, buoyed by an over-whelming reception to his presidential acceptance speech in Atlanta Thursday, journeyed on a crowded passenger jet followed by a second large jet for the overflowing crowd of reporters and cameramen.

Solution eludes Anglicans over ordaining women

(Agencies) — After a week of spected by the others, whether prayers and debate in their spir-they agreed or not. itual home, Anglican leaders are no nearer a solution to their rift over women's ordination.

The issue threatens to split the 70-million-strong Anglican communion, the world's second largest Christian community after can conduct baptisms, marriages Roman Catholicism, and has and funerals but not holy comturned this Lambeth conference into the most crucial and controversial ever held.

On Friday the 525 bishops representing 164 countries at the three-week conference debated women's ordination — a practice in some Anglican churches and a sacrilege in others.

Five men and a woman duelled politely over the divisive issue. Three came out against women priests or urged caution and two were in favour, with Archbishop of Canterbury Robert Runcie holding and advisory role at panel

Runcie recalled that the 1978 conference agreed that the decisions of any of the 27 self-gov-

CANTERBURY, England erning churches should be re-

But since then, he said, "matters are not what they were," he referred to the ordination of more than 1,200 women priests and more than 1,400 women deacons, priestly assistants who

Runcie says the Anglican communion could break up if a woman bishop is consecrated, a step now being considered by the U.S. Episcopalians and New Zealand Anglicans. He said opposing male bishops would not feel in communion with a woman bishop, thereby sundering traditional links within the church.

The Rev. Nan Arrington Peete, who was ordained in Los Angeles in the U.S. Episcopal church and now works in Indianapolis, and Archbishop of Canada Michael Peers spoke out strongly in favour of admitting women to the priesthood.

British court rejects Duvalier funds appeal

former Haitian dictator Jean-Claude Duvalier and his family to block a probe into the whereabouts of \$120 million the Duvaliers

allegedly stole from the state. Lord Justice Sir Christopher Staughton dismissed the Duvaliers claim that they were being persecuted, saying that if this was so, they should cooperate in the international search for the missing millions.

This case demands international cooperation between all

nations," he said. Duvalier was ousted in a coup d'etat in February 1986 and the family fled to France. They are accused by Haiti's present rulers

of misappropriating the funds.

Last April a French court ruled that it had jurisdiction in the case which is to be heard in Grasse, the French Riviera town where Duvalier and his wife, Michelle,

Haitian government representatives have started proceedings to seek information on assets that may be hidden in Britain, and to have them frozen if they turn up.

Judicial sources in France have said a household budget sheet seized by investigators shows that Duvalier and his wife still live

LONDON (AP) - An appeals comfortably. The sources said court Friday rejected an attempt this could undermine their claim that they left all their money in Haiti.

Entries include such items as 33,000 francs (then \$5,600) for a dress and that from July 1987 to January 1988, Mrs. Duvalier spent \$83,000 on jewellery.

Tension persists in Karabakh

news media said Saturday that use their powers fully," Arkady some factories in Armenia were Boretsky, a department head inworking over the weekend to pay off debts from a general strike, office, was quoted as saying but public transport in the nearby Friday. disputed region remained at a standstill.

State-run Radio Moscow said Stepanakert, capital of the tion," TASS news agency re-Nagorno-Karabakh region in ported Boretsky as saying. Azerbaijan, where residents have been on strike since May 23 to demand the incorporation of their Armenian district into the Republic of Armenia.

On Monday, the Praesidium of the Supreme Soviet, the nation's top executive body, refused to alter the status of the district, which has no common borders with Armenia.

The praesidium ordered officials to take steps to restore "labour discipline" and end the strikes caused by the Nagorno-Karabakh dispute. But Radio Moscow's report indicated the situation in the small mountain region has changed little in the five days since the decision.

'Many enterprises are idle and public transport is at a standstill. However, farmers of the region have already harvested more than one-half of this year's bumper crop," Radio Moscow said.

Friday night's television news programme "Vremya" showed deserted streets in Stepanakert and said only two buses were in service in the city.

The authorities have started disciplining the directors of strike-bound enterprises and taking others to court, Reuter reported.

Soviet and Azerbaijani prosecutors "intend to restore public the Soviet general prosecutor's

"(Communist) Party, Soviet and administrative organs are undertaking measures for installthe situation remains tense in ing order and stabilising the situa-

But the measures have not yet had much effect. Friday night's Soviet television programme acknowledged.

TASS said that a criminal in-

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Soviet order and labour discipline, to vestigation had been opened against the director of a publishing house in Nagorno-Karabakh for instigating a work stoppage there.

Other executives have been sued by prosecutors claiming damage from lost production during strikes.

Disciplinary action was taken against the chief of the Stepanakert train station, TASS said, indicating he might be reprimanded or transferred.

Similar moves were being considered against the directors of other enterprises, the report said.

Moscow-Tokyo island dispute remains stalled

MOSCOW (AP) — Soviet leader be identified. Mikhail Gorbachev told former Japanese Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone Friday that before the Soviet public. Japan's alliance with the West has blocked return of four disputed islands under Soviet control sicne World War II.

The position taken by Gorbachev reiterated the Kremlin's policy on the northern territories and stonewalled what Tokyo considers the main obstacle to improved relations with Moscow, a Japanese official said.

The Soviet Union occupied four islnds off northern Japan at the end of World War II and the dispute over the territory has prevented them from concluding peace treaty for 43 years.

Despite the impasse, Nakasone of his visit that began here Wednesday, according to a government official who declined to returned to Japan.

The official said the visit allowed the issue to be brought

"We didn't find anything particularly new in the messages sent by the Soviet side," said the official, who was present at the meeting between Gorbachev and

Nakasone gave an address at the Soviet Institute of World Economy and International Relations and gave an interview to Soviet Television, taking both opportunities to raise the territorial dis-

Nakasone told Gorbachev that the southernmost Kirill Islands were occupied illegally by former dictactor Josef Stalin, and argued was pleased with the official part that as part of the process of correcting past wrongs committed by Stalin, the territory should be

Jack Hook, a U.S. Drug En-

claimed Suarez Gomez was in-

volved in dealing in tones of

"He's really the same as the upper levels of the Medellin car-

tel," said Hook. "He would be

considered one of the pioneers

involved in manufacturing and

trafficking cocaine to the United

The Medellin cartel, named so

ombian city of Medellin, is consi-

ing organisation in Latin

Suarez Gomez after he recently

said in an interview on Channel 4

Police intensified the search for

illegal drug shipments.

Liz Taylor pursues anti-AIDS battle

ROME (R) — Actress Elizabeth Taylor jokingly told Italian reporters Friday that she owned her enduring glamour to "clean living," but that she would use her fame to raise funds to fight AIDS. "My life is outside films ... my life is now working for AIDS," Taylor told reporters at a news conference to promote Franco Zeffirelli's new film, "The Young Toscanini." "I don't really like being famous," she said. But in playing a role in raising money to combat AIDS she said, "I thought that using my fame could do some good.

Judge offers help, then nabs thieves

because it is centred in the Col-DETROIT (AP) — A Michigan supreme court justice saw two :::: 12 dered the major cocaine traffickmen trying to steal a \$79 television set from his downtown office and even offered to help them. Justice Dennis Archer thought the set they were taking from the 14th floor of the Lafayette building looked familiar. When he offered to lend a hand, "they aughed and one said, waiting for my aunt'," Archer said. He returned to his office and noticed his set was missing. The justice then rounded up a group to collar the men. They split up into two teams, said Archer, who along with Ken Poindexter, a maintenance man, nabbed the pair. "You security?" one of the men asked the justice. "I guess you could say that I'm the biggest security you've ever seen." Archer told him. But when he explained who he was, "it didn't seem to register." Police said the men, ages 21 and

23, were being held on breaking and entering charges. Rose Kennedy is 98

BOSTON (R) - Senator Edward Kennedy and three sisters joined Rose Kennedy, matriarch of the Kennedy family, for a private celebration of her 98th birthday Friday. Mrs. Kennedy, who suffered a stroke in 1984, is "doing extremely well" and goes outdoors in a wheelchair to take the sun, said Marc O'Connor, a spokesman for Senator Kennedy. "She's absolutely aware of things around her," he said. Sen. Kennedy flew back after the close of the Democratic national convention Thursday night to join his mother and other family members at a private Catholic mass at her Hyannisport, Massachusetts,

Convicted cocaine king has no worries

LA PAZ, Bolivia (AP) - A convicted cocaine trafficker, presented at a news conference Friday, said: "When one is with God, one has nothing to worry

Roberto Suarez Gomez, considered to be one of South America's narcotics kingpins, was arrested Wednesday at his ranch near the city of Trinidad.

Reporters were allowed to see him where he is being held at the narcotics control office in a La Paz suburb but they were not permitted to question him and his comments were limited.

Suarez Gomez, 57, said he was feeling well and then Information Minister Herman Antelo stopped him from making further com-ments and said Suarez Gomez would be free to talk to the news media after he is transfered next week to San Pedron prison in La

Suarez Gomez faces a 15-year prison sentence after being convicted earlier this year of drug trafficking charges in Trinidad, 515 kilometres northeast of La Paz. He was tried in absentia and has not appealed the sentence, according to Interior Minister Juan Carlos Duran. forcement Administration "The government's top priority (DEA) spokesman in Miami,

is combatting the cocaine trade which is a threat to our democratic system," Duran told the news conference.

Ten anti-drug policemen captured Suarez Gomez as he was sleeping at his ranch 40 kilometres north of Trinidad. The police confiscated 20 automatic weapons and also arrested two men they said were Suarez Gomez' bodyguards.

The United States seeks the extradition of Suarez Gomez. Foreign Minister Guillermo Bedregal said that could not happen because the two countries do not have an extradition treaty dealing with drug trafficking and television that "the American there is a prison sentence pending government is the king of cocaine against Suarez Gomez here. and the viceroy is the Bolivian are under way between the United States and Bolivia on an expanded extradition pact.

He claimed politicians and law

America

enforcement officials received

bribes from drug traffickers. In Suarez Gomez was indicted in the ensuing political furor the Florida in 1980 on a charge of conspiring to transfer 854 pounds 4's operating licence for six

of cocaine to the United States. months.

Contras seek new talks; Bermudez to step down

SAN JOSE (AP) - The Nicaraguan contra rebels, struggling to quell internal dissent over their military leadership, say they will seek a new round of peace talks with the Nicaraguan government.

Alfredo Cesar, one of the seven contra directors, said Friday he is asking President Oscar Arias of Costa Rica to try to arrange a new round of negotiations with Nicaragua's Sandinista government. Cesar also said Colonel Enri-

que Bermudez, who was elected to the contra political leadership this week, would step down as military commander of the re-

He told a news conference that Bermudez would be "the military supervisor of our military forces, but without any command."

The Sandinistas have said Bermudez's election to the political

directorate of the Nicaraguan resistance, the rebels' umbrella group, makes "the possibility of negotiating peace even more remote."

The contras and the Sandinistas have been trying to negotiate an end to their seven-year war since March. The negotiations were prompted in large part by the regional peace plan devised by Arias and signed last year by Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras, Guatemala and El Sal-

Cesar is the chief contra negotiator in the talks. The last round of talks ended in

stalemate June 9 and no new talks have been scheduled. However, a temporary truce begun in March remains in effect. The Sandinistas accused the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) of engineering Bermudez's

election to the political directorate of the Nicaraguan resistance. They said his election removes the contra leadeship's "civilian mask.'

Bermudez, who publicly resisted peace talks with the Sandinistas, was a colonel in the national guard of the rightist. pro-American Somoza dynasty, which ruled Nicaragua for 42 years until falling to the Sandinistas in 1979. His background is a source of

suspicion for some members of the resistance, who fear the rebel movement is turning to the right.

The controversy heated up after Bermudez was elected to the directorate Monday. Seven commanders of the small contra organisation called the Southern Front, which has a political base in Costa Rica, resigned in pro-

seven Friday to withdraw their

responsibility and, in this sense, Col. Enrique Bermudez will step down next week from the general command of the national liberation army.' Cesar said the resignations and

withdraw were "precipitous." He blamed part of the problem was their "frustration" at not getting U.S. aid. He said the Costa Rican government would not allow de-

The contra force led by Bermudez got U.S. aid through Honduras.

Cross, but have received no

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words 100 رo، THISO RAPAT SAMTIG WHAT MANYA NIGHT SPOT 15, PROTTE Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Answer here: A 44

Jumbles: POISE HITCH DEMISE EYEFUL

Answer: What's a mermaid?---A "DEEP-\$HE FISH"

THE Daily Crossword by James E. Hinish, Jr. 1 Play 5 Flower part 10 Coffee 14 Stereo's 15 Hit musical 16 Yale's males? 17 Author Paton 18 Belle! 19 Hustle-bustle 22 — agg 24 Clean in a way 25 Useless 26 Lampoon 29 Pretentious prose 33 By oneself 34 ink stains 35 Horace chorus? 36 Ding-a---37 Down East 38 Despot 39 Gelsha's sash Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 4 Hearty party 5 Bristly 6 Occurrence scholar 7 Metallic sou 8 Noshed 9 Midnight characte: 44 Wisc. city 45 Wine: pref. tryst? Fast crowd? Scads 46 Humerus e.g. 47 in error 50 Child brainchild 12 Footnote work 54 Vessel Harp's kin



EVERYONE'S BEST FRIEND

GOREN BRIDGE

Neither vulnerable. West deals. have taken a sure profit by doubling ₹ 32 O A Q J 10 8 5 4 **+** 10 7 6 WEST EAST ♦ 986 ♥ AJ854 ○ 963 ♥ KQ 10 9 7 ○ K7 4 Q J 9 5 # 83 SOUTH **★ KQJ7542** ◆ A K 4 2 The bidding: North East

South 4 • 5 • 3 ♡ 3 ♦ Pasş Pass Opening lead: King of 7 One way to neutralize a long suit is to remove the entries to it. But what if there are no entries in the outside suits? This hand is an object

Let's suppose that North-South

reach five spades on an auction such as the one shown. South should

five hearts, but then there would have been no tale to tell. Let's see what would happen with routine defense. Suppose that West

leads the king of hearts and continues the suit for declarer to ruff. He leads a low spade and West ducks. Now the contract can no longer be defeated! Declarer returns to hand with a

club and forces out the ace of trumps. Thanks to the doubleton king of diamonds onside and the fact that West is now out of trumps, declarer has no difficulty collecting the rest of the tricks. When Dr. George Rosenkranz of Mexico City held the West hand, the play to the first two tricks went as

above. On declarer's lead of a low

spade, however, Rosenkranz flew

up with the ace and shifted to a low diamond! Declarer had no way to counter this lethal defense. Since he did not have a second diamond, his line of communication with dummy was

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

From the Carroll Righter Institute GENERAL TENDENCIES:

Meditation, investigations and all kinds of studies are wise now. You can best follow the planets by taking it easy and avoiding unnecessary tensions and strain.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Try
to please your mate. You have
much ability now. Do not bring up
anything from the past which might start an argument. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be with a partner who is not morose.

terests which can bring you greater GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Study into writings that can be of help to you in the days ahead. Attend a social affair with a dynamic

After lunch study into new in-

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Make appointments with friends for recreations in the next few days. Get in touch with a bigwig and make a leisure date. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Handle whatever is most important to you, and look for new interests that fascinate you. Focus your mind on

whatever is urgent. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Handle messages that have been

delayed, and restore harmony at home. Attend a soiree later with your mate. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Study your monetary status and how to improve it. You may meet a pioneer who could be of great help to you. SCORPIO (Oct., 23 to Nov. 21) Take care of personal matters and

get into any work you have planned. Don't spend too much money if it can be avoided. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Find the best way to gain a private wish and quietly go about attaining it. Try to make your home more charming.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Visit a friend who can assist you with ideas for a better mode of operation. Later do what your fami-

ly expects of you.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Get in touch with a person in power who can help you in a civic matter. Steer clear of people who depress you. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)

Study periodicals carefully and benefit from the ideas found there.

Plan how to improve your property.

Bermudez was the top military commander of the main, Honduras-based contra force. Cesar publicly appealed to the

resignations. He said the new directorate "will delegate areas of

threats by other contra factions to livery through Costa Rica.

Cesar said the contras asked Arias two months ago for permission to deliver humanitarian aid through the Costa Rican Red

home Friday morning.